



Trinity College Dublin
Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath
The University of Dublin

Towards a Sustainable Aviation Sector, A Perspective on Key R&D Areas

Dr. Stephen Dooley
School of Physics, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

14th Concawe Symposium

28 September 2021



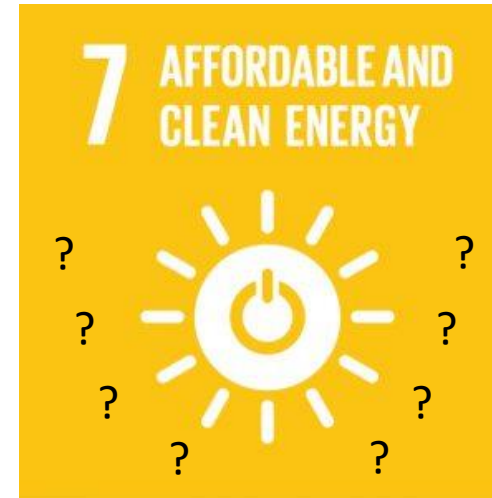
Context: Importance of Sustainable Aviation to Ireland

- Ireland commands 60% of the global aviation leasing market.
 - 50 aircraft leasing companies and 14 of the world's top 15 lessors are based in Ireland [KPMG].
 - 140,000 jobs supported by the sector [Gov.ie].
- Ryanair is the second largest air operator certificate holder in the EU.
 - 444 aircraft registered in Ireland (2018).
 - Ryanair produced 9.9 mt CO₂ eq, making it an EU top-ten CO₂ producer (2018).
- 2021: Ryanair announce €1.5m Sustainable Aviation Research Partnership with Trinity College Dublin.



Fundamentals: Sustainability

- “The quality of being able to continue over a period of time”.
- For Sustainable Aviation:
 - **Sustainability of Environment**
 - Reduction in aviation noise.
 - Reduction in CO₂ footprint.
 - Reduction in other pollutants.
 - **Sustainability of Profits & Investments**
 - In 2018, fuel costs (~21%) compete with labour costs (~22%) as the major operating costs for global airlines [IATA].
 - **Sustainability of Passenger Demand**
 - How secure is consumer confidence in actual sustainability of aviation?
 - Will consumers pay for Sustainable Aviation?
 - Where should the cost be placed?

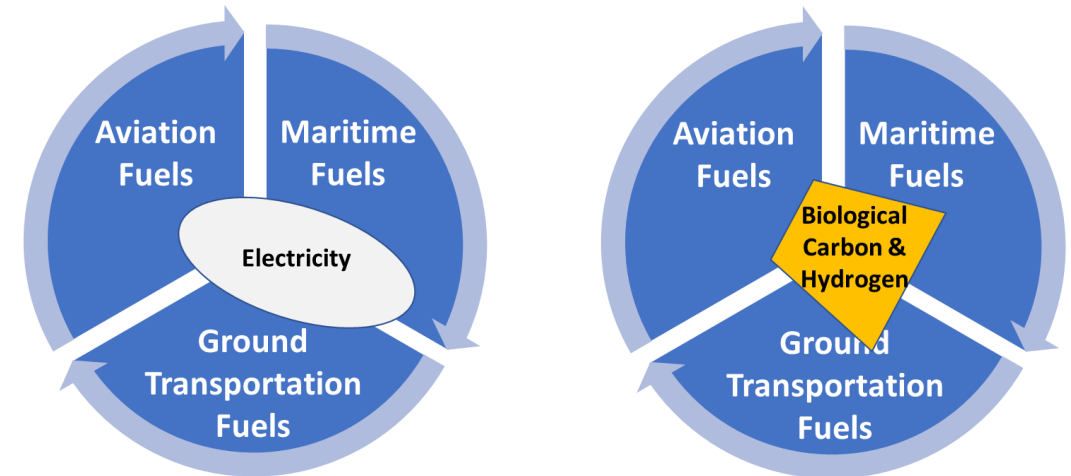


Sustainable Aviation Fuel
(SAF)

Fundamentals: Liquid Transportation Fuels

General Premises for 2030-2050

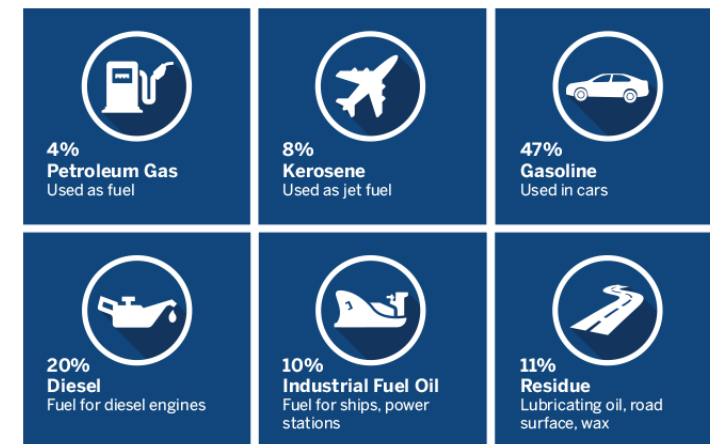
- Liquid Transportation Fuels will remain very important for affordable transportation.
 - And essential for Sustainable Aviation.
- Crude-oil derived fuels will be increasingly displaced by biologically derived fuels and electricity.
 - Or possibly by electricity-derived fuels.



Key Concepts

- Existing Liquid Transportation Fuels are not distinct.
 - Ground Transportation/Aviation/Maritime Fuels are intrinsically coupled in a continuum of utility.
 - Fuel quality is matched to performance requirements.
 - For affordable deployment, existing energy infrastructure must be utilized.

Refined Crude Oil Products



Key Research & Development Areas for Sustainable Aviation

- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) is essential for Sustainable Aviation due to performance requirements.

1. Techno Economic Gap to Fossil Jet-A Must be Known & Reduced.

- Need more and better Techno Economic Analysis early in SAF research, development and deployment cycle.

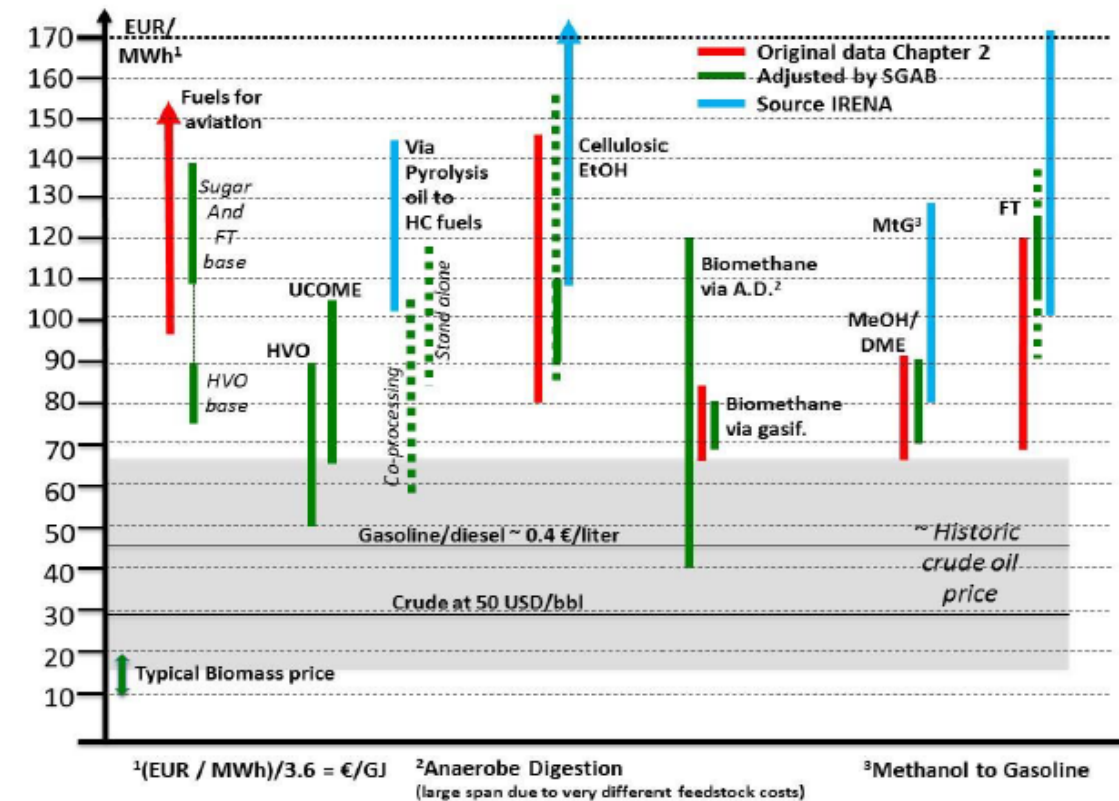


Figure 17 Summary of production cost data

Key Research & Development Areas for Sustainable Aviation

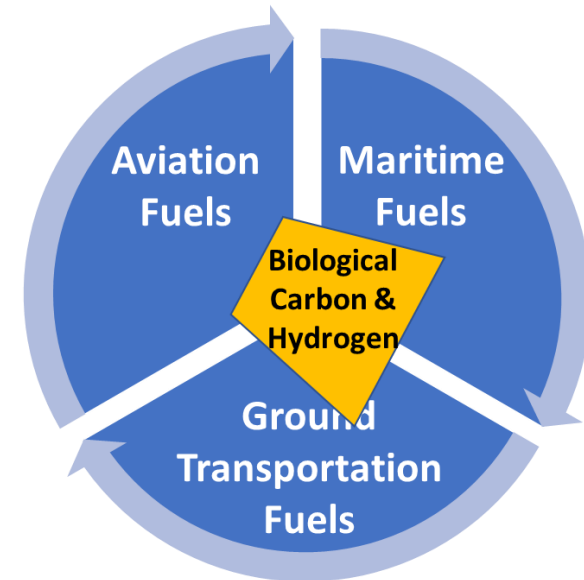
- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) is essential for Sustainable Aviation due to performance requirements.

1. Techno Economic Gap to Fossil Jet-A Must be Known & Reduced.

- Need more and better Techno Economic Analysis early in SAF research, development and deployment cycle.

2. A “Fuels Continuum Holistic Approach” in R&D policy.

- Match quality of biological feedstock to fuel quality requirements.
 - High grade feedstocks (oils) for high grades fuels (SAF).
 - Lower grade feedstocks for lower fuel quality requirements.



Key Research & Development Areas for Sustainable Aviation

- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) is essential for Sustainable Aviation due to performance requirements.

1. Techno Economic Gap to Fossil Jet-A Must be Known & Reduced.

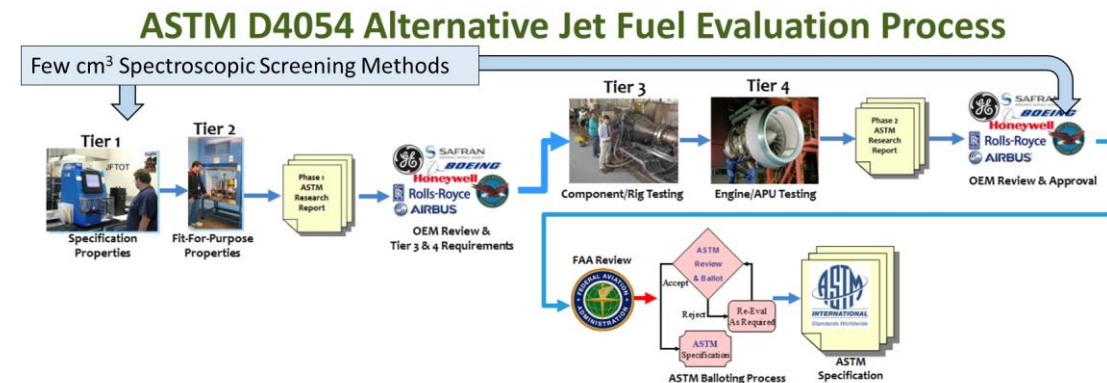
- Need more and better Techno Economic Analysis early in SAF research, development and deployment cycle.

2. A “Fuels Continuum Holistic Approach” in R&D policy.

- Match quality of biological feedstock to fuel quality requirements.
 - High grade feedstocks (oils) for high grades fuels (SAF).
 - Lower grade feedstocks for lower fuel quality requirements.

3. Measures to Increase SAF Supply and Competitiveness.

- SAF is technically feasible, but not market feasible.
- Improved certification methods requiring small volumes are needed.
 - SAF is certified to 50% usage with fossil Jet.
 - Safe usage of 100% SAF is believed to be likely but not proven.



Key Research & Development Areas for Sustainable Aviation

- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) is essential for Sustainable Aviation due to performance requirements.

1. Techno Economic Gap to Fossil Jet-A Must be Known & Reduced.

- Need more and better Techno Economic Analysis early in SAF research, development and deployment cycle.

2. A “Fuels Continuum Holistic Approach” in R&D policy.

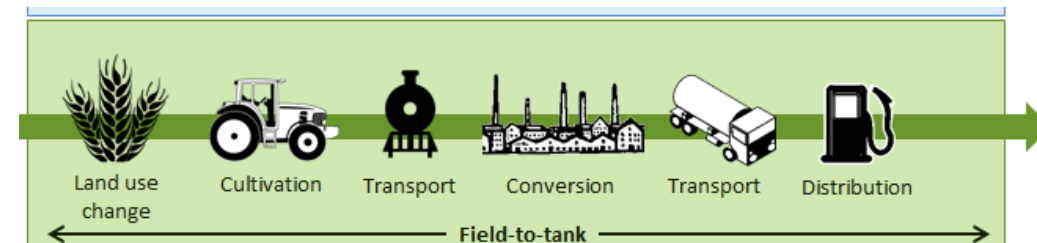
- Match quality of biological feedstock to fuel quality requirements.
 - High grade feedstocks (oils) for high grades fuels (SAF).
 - Lower grade feedstocks for lower fuel quality requirements.

3. Measures to Increase SAF Supply and Competitiveness.

- SAF is technically feasible, but not market feasible.
- Improved certification methods requiring small volumes are needed.
 - SAF is certified to 50% usage with fossil Jet.
 - Safe usage of 100% SAF is believed to be likely but not proven.

4. Elevate EU Competence and Knowledge-brokering on SAF.

- Improved **rigor/specificity** of field-to-wake embodied GHG(eq) of SAF.
- Concept of an “**EU SAF Clearing House**” can focus EU efforts.
 - Optimization of supply chains for lowest GHG(eq) possible.
 - Much more rapid revisions of fuel standards?



Key Research & Development Areas for Sustainable Aviation

- Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) is essential for Sustainable Aviation due to performance requirements.

1. Techno Economic Gap to Fossil Jet-A Must be Known & Reduced.

- Need more and better Techno Economic Analysis early in SAF research, development and deployment cycle.

2. A “Fuels Continuum Holistic Approach” in R&D policy.

- Match quality of biological feedstock to fuel quality requirements.
 - High grade feedstocks (oils) for high grades fuels (SAF).
 - Lower grade feedstocks for lower fuel quality requirements.

3. Measures to Increase SAF Supply and Competitiveness.

- SAF is technically feasible, but not market feasible.
- Improved certification methods requiring small volumes are needed.
 - SAF is certified to 50% usage with fossil Jet.
 - Safe usage of 100% SAF is believed to be likely but not proven.

4. Elevate EU Competence and Knowledge-brokering on SAF.

- Improved **rigor/specificity** of field-to-wake embodied GHG(eq) of SAF.
- Concept of an **“EU SAF Clearing House”** can focus EU efforts.
 - Optimization of supply chains for lowest GHG(eq) possible.
 - Much more rapid revisions of fuel standards?



5. Social Sciences Education and Persuasion of Public

- Reality of Sustainable Aviation & SAF are not widely known.
- Honestly & completely inform and educate the public on technological realities?
- e.g. SAF Fuel Share
 - International Energy Agency 0.1% of 2018.
 - European Aviation Safety Agency 0.004 % of 2017.
 - European Commission at 0.05% of 2017 for EU.



Trinity College Dublin

Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath
The University of Dublin

Thank You for Your Attention

Dr. Stephen Dooley
School of Physics, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

14th Concawe Symposium

28 September 2021

