



PROCESSES4PLANET

Process4Planet (HorizonEurope): CCU, Waste Minimisation and Hubs for circularity

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27 September, 14th CONCAWE symposium, 27-28 September, Brussels

Outlook

- Processes4Planet
 - Who are we?
 - Problems & Ambitions
 - SRIA
- Decarbonization: the right word?
- Refinery of the future and the ambition of P4Planet

A vibrant community with a common strategic Vision

A.SPIRE – European cross-sectorial association



10
Sectors



+20
EU Countries



+170
Members teaming up

DG R&I
DG Grow



PROCESSES4PLANET

2050
Process
Industries

- ✓ Develop & deploy climate-neutral solutions
- ✓ Closing the energy and feedstock loops
- ✓ Achieve global leadership of the Process Industry
- ✓ Accelerate innovation & unlock public-private investments

OPEN APPROACH: inclusive of different stakeholders and welcoming Newcomers

- Industries, incl. SMEs
- Industrial Associations & Clusters
- Consultancies

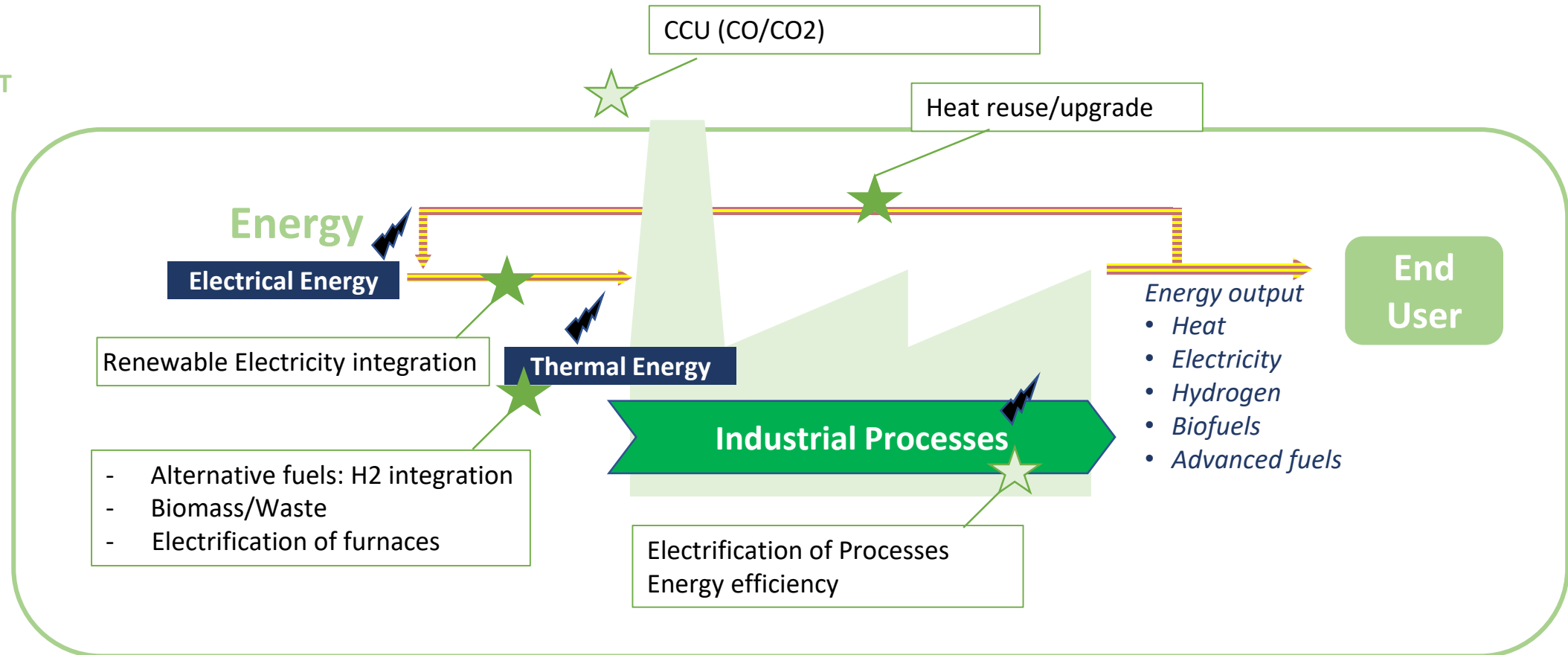
- RTOs
- Higher Education Institutions
- NGOs

- Public institutions
- Innovation Agencies
- MS and Regional representatives

- Partnerships & EITs
- Financial parties
- New sectors

Climate neutrality ambition is strongly related to energy issues

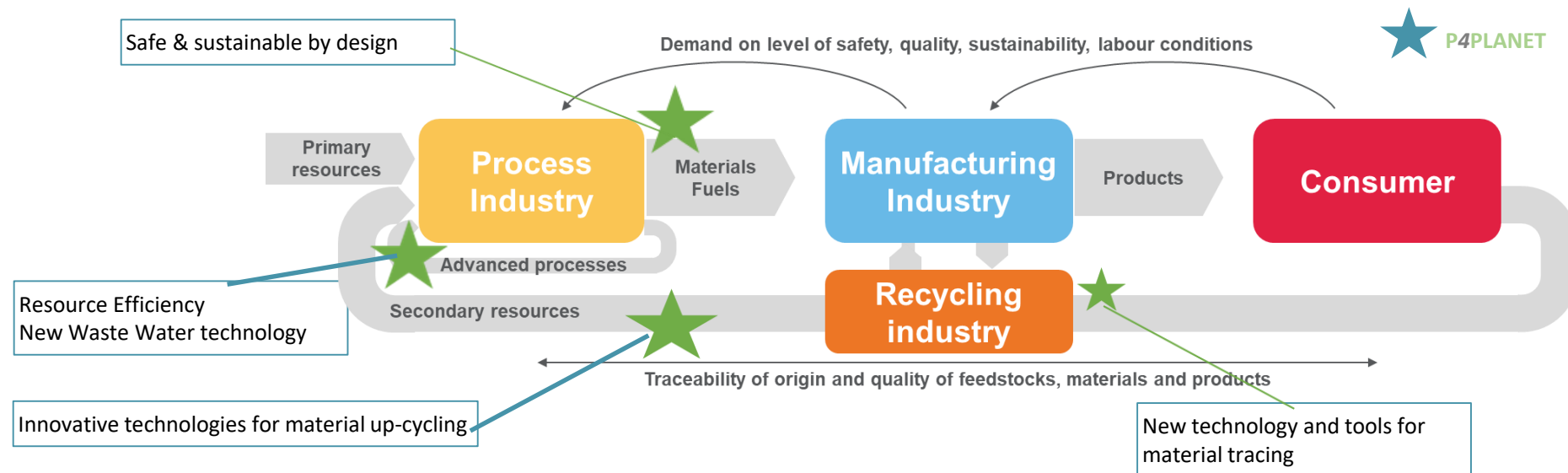
Efficient integration of renewables and valorization of process



Disruptive process innovation to close the loops

Moving away from: Landfilling, Incineration at the end of a linear value chain

To UPCYCLING large volumes of secondary resources reused by the PI in a circular value chain

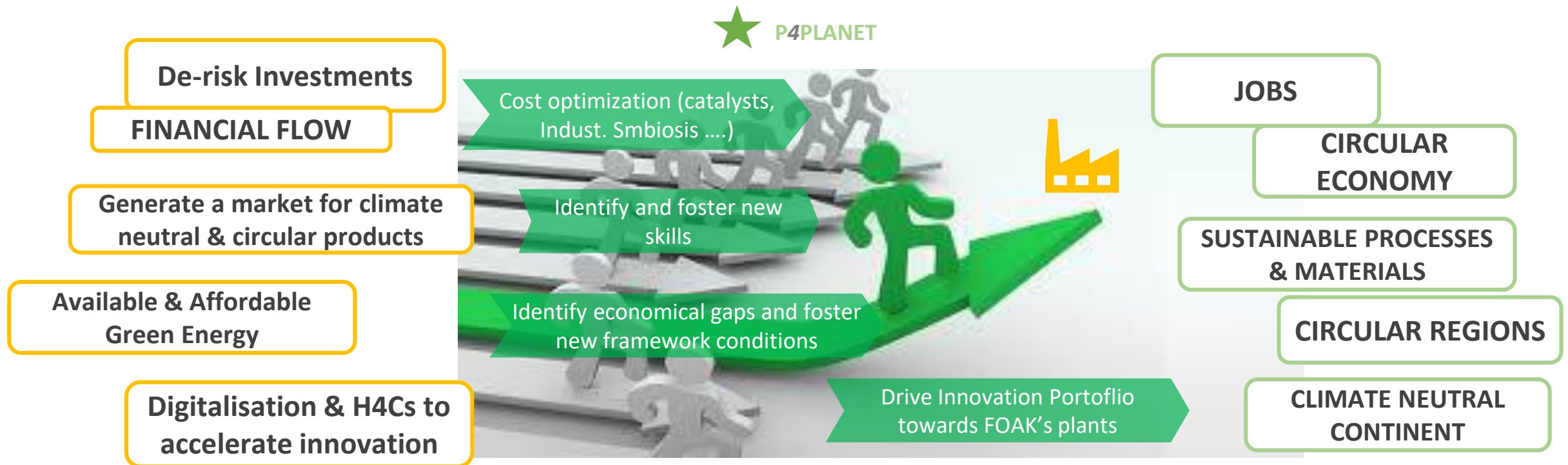


Near zero-landfilling / Near zero-water discharge

Disruptive Process Innovation to transform process industry globally

EU Process Industries are highly exposed to global competition

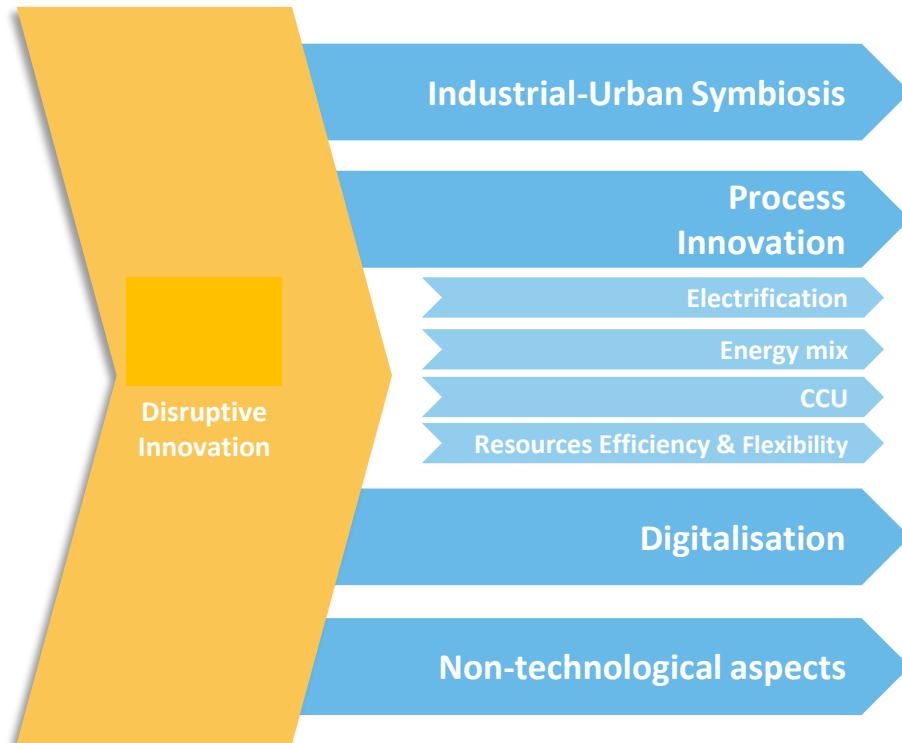
UNLOCKING PRIVATE INVESTMENTS & THE BARRIERS TO MARKET FOR CLIMATE NEUTRAL & CIRCULAR SOLUTIONS



EU Process Industry's GVA to grow quicker than the EU GDP

3 ambitions, 14 Innovation areas

9h15 -9h30

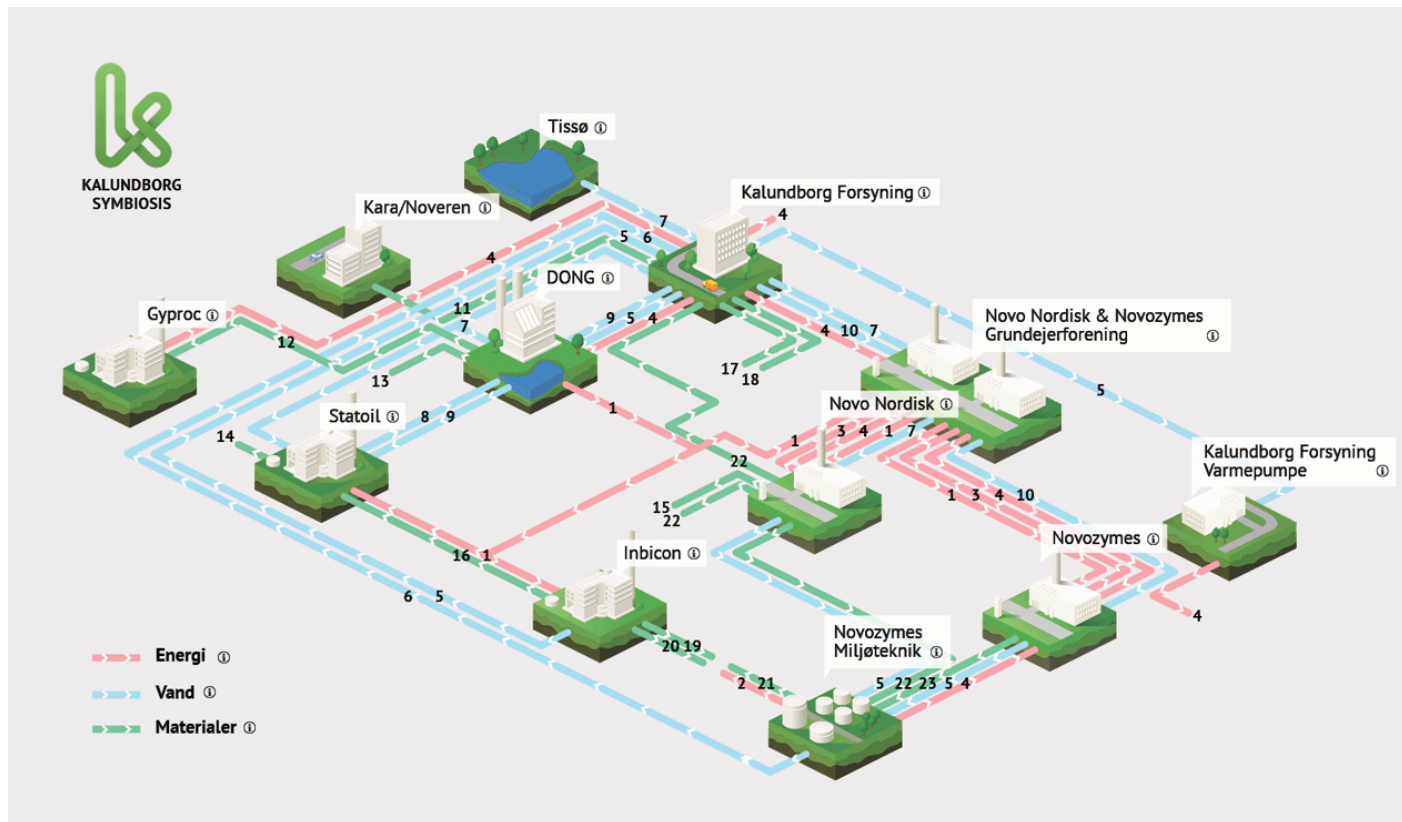


Innovation area	Progress up until milestone year ¹			
	2024	2030	2040	2050
Renewable energy integration				
Heat reuse				
Electrification of thermal processes				
Electrically-driven processes				
Hydrogen integration				
CO ₂ capture for utilisation				
CO ₂ utilisation in minerals				
CO ₂ & CO utilisation in chemicals and fuels				
Energy and resource efficiency				
Circularity of materials				
Industrial-Urban symbiosis				
Circular regions				
Digitalisation				
Non-technological aspects				

¹ Progress is depicted here as % of total TRL9 projects programmed in each area, and for circular regions, digitalisation, and non-technological aspects % of total investment needs until 2050

Reduce waste, emissions, pollution – become climate neutral by 2050

Physically connected plants to use underutilised resources of one in another



Connection of **geographically close units** to keep resources in the loop as long as possible

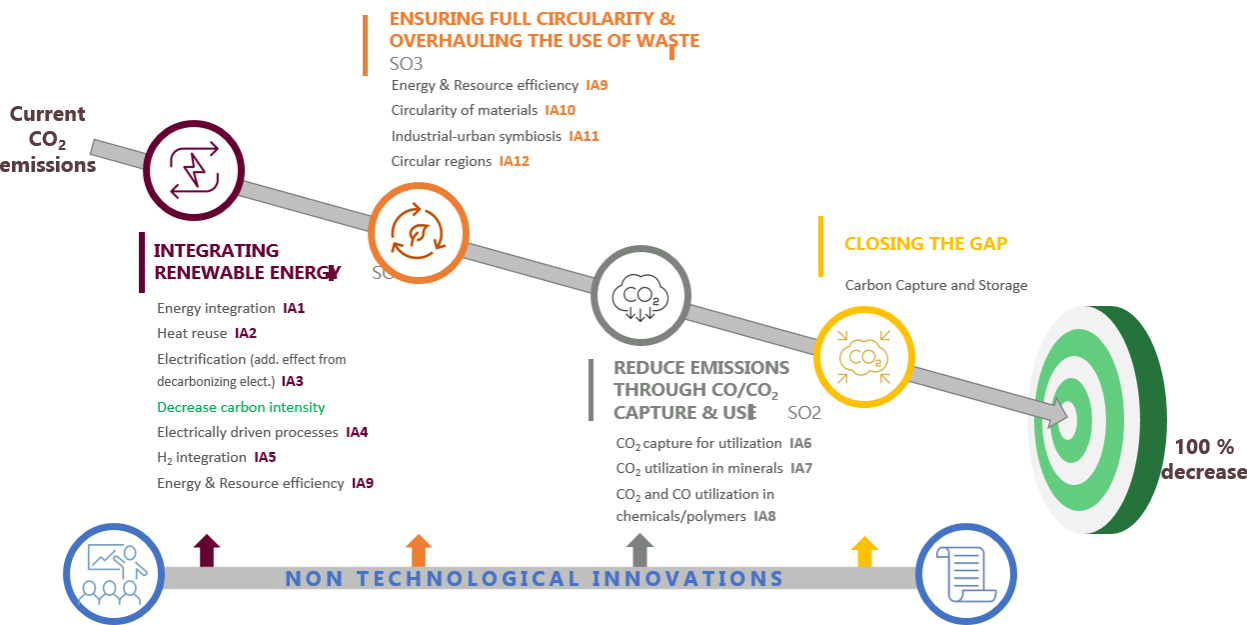
Self-sustaining economic industrial ecosystems for **full-scale Industrial-Urban Symbiosis and Circular Economy, closing energy, resource and data loops** and bringing together all relevant stakeholders, technologies, infrastructures, tools and instruments necessary for their incubation, implementation, evolution and management.

Near zero waste / Near zero emissions / Near zero water discharge

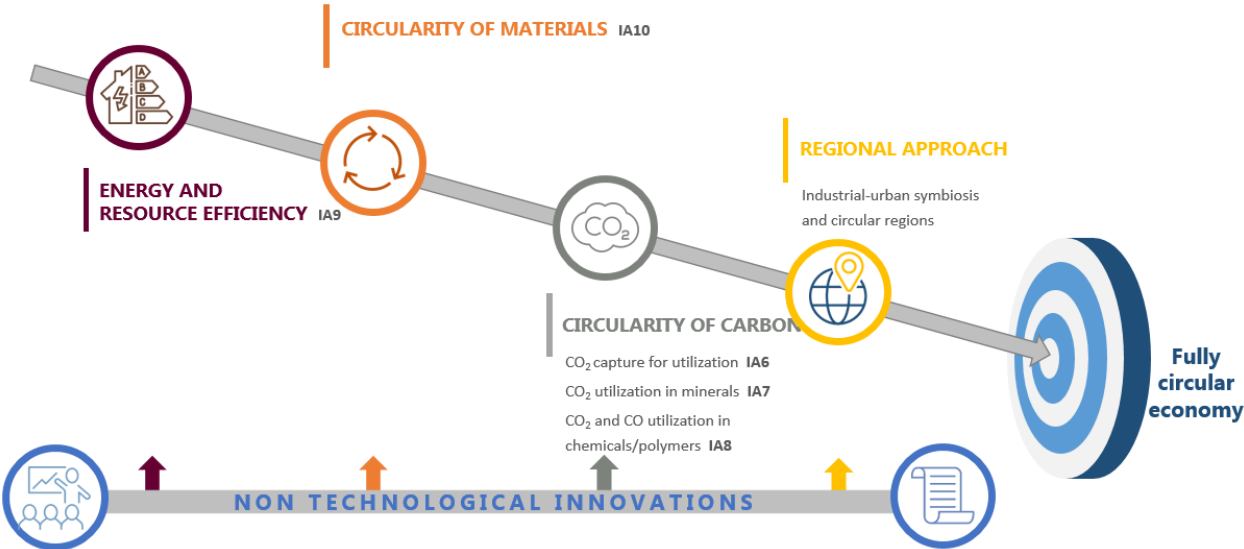
Source of image: <http://www.energycrossroads.org/industrial-symbiosis-circular-economy>

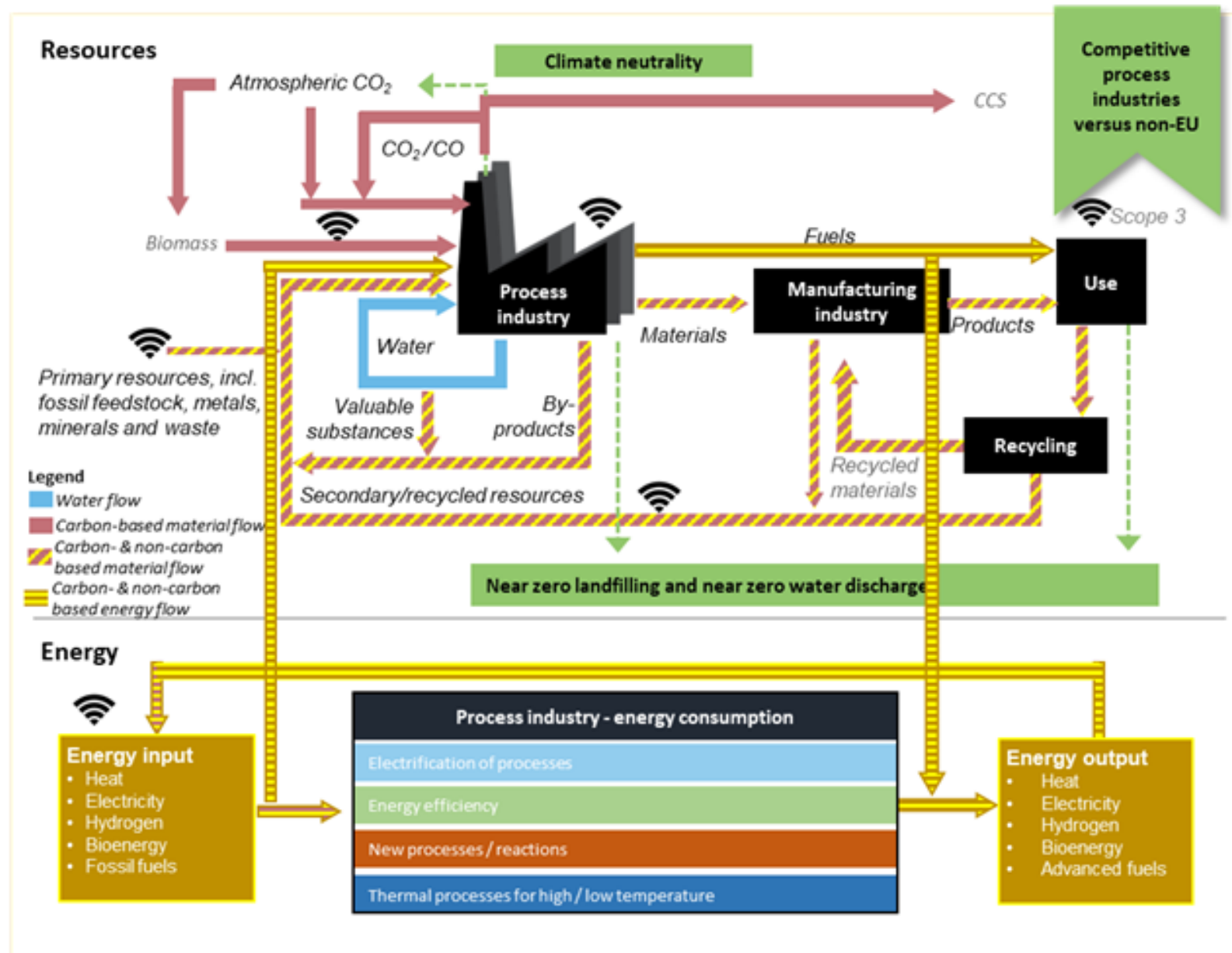
Process industry relies on many measures to reduce its emissions and increase its circularity

A tapestry of innovations to achieve climate neutrality

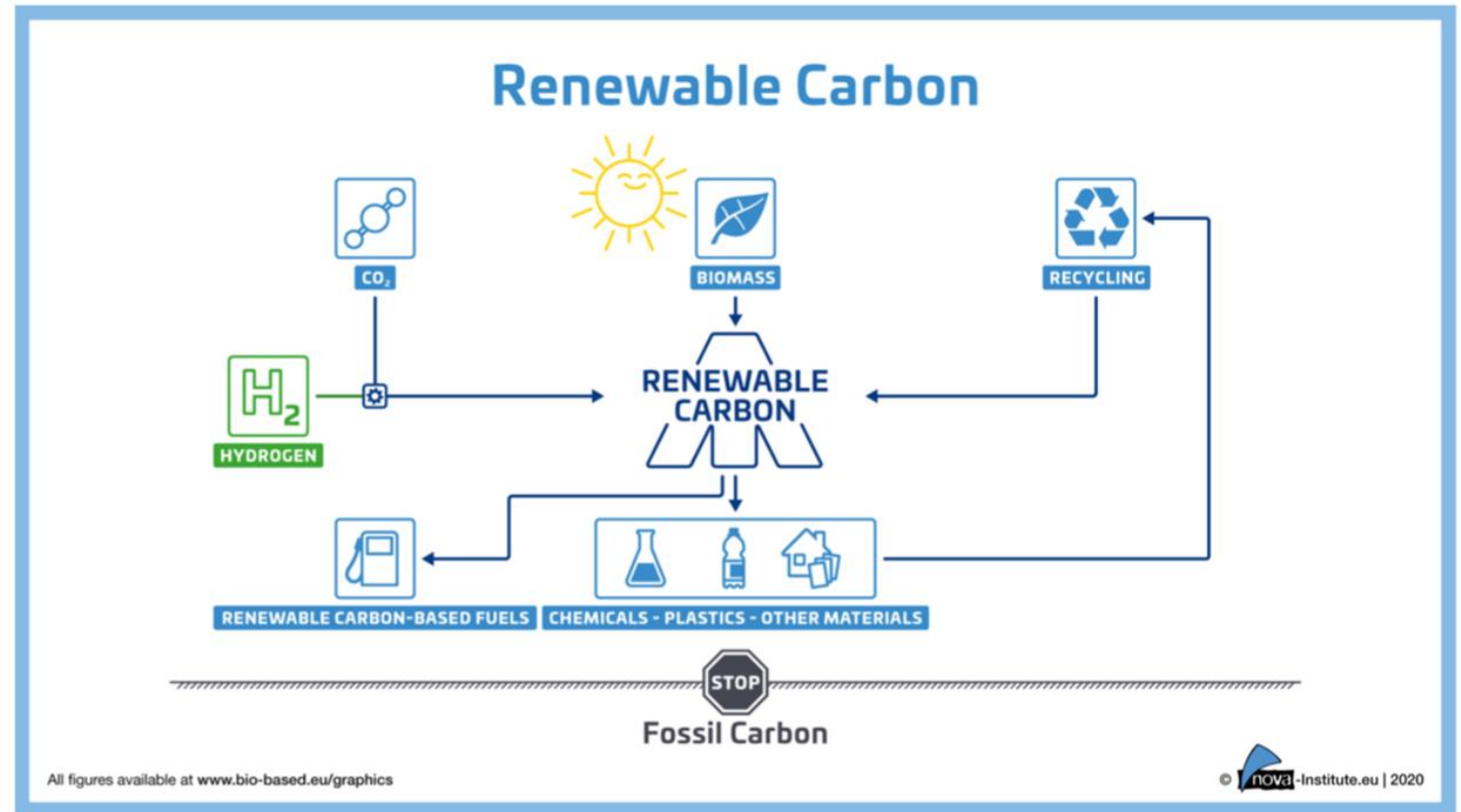


A tapestry of innovations to achieve circularity





- Circular/renewable carbon from atmosphere, biosphere, technosphere & not from geosphere
- Carbon from CO₂ or recycling enters in the classical chemistry. Carbon from biomass has innovative potential to increase performance!



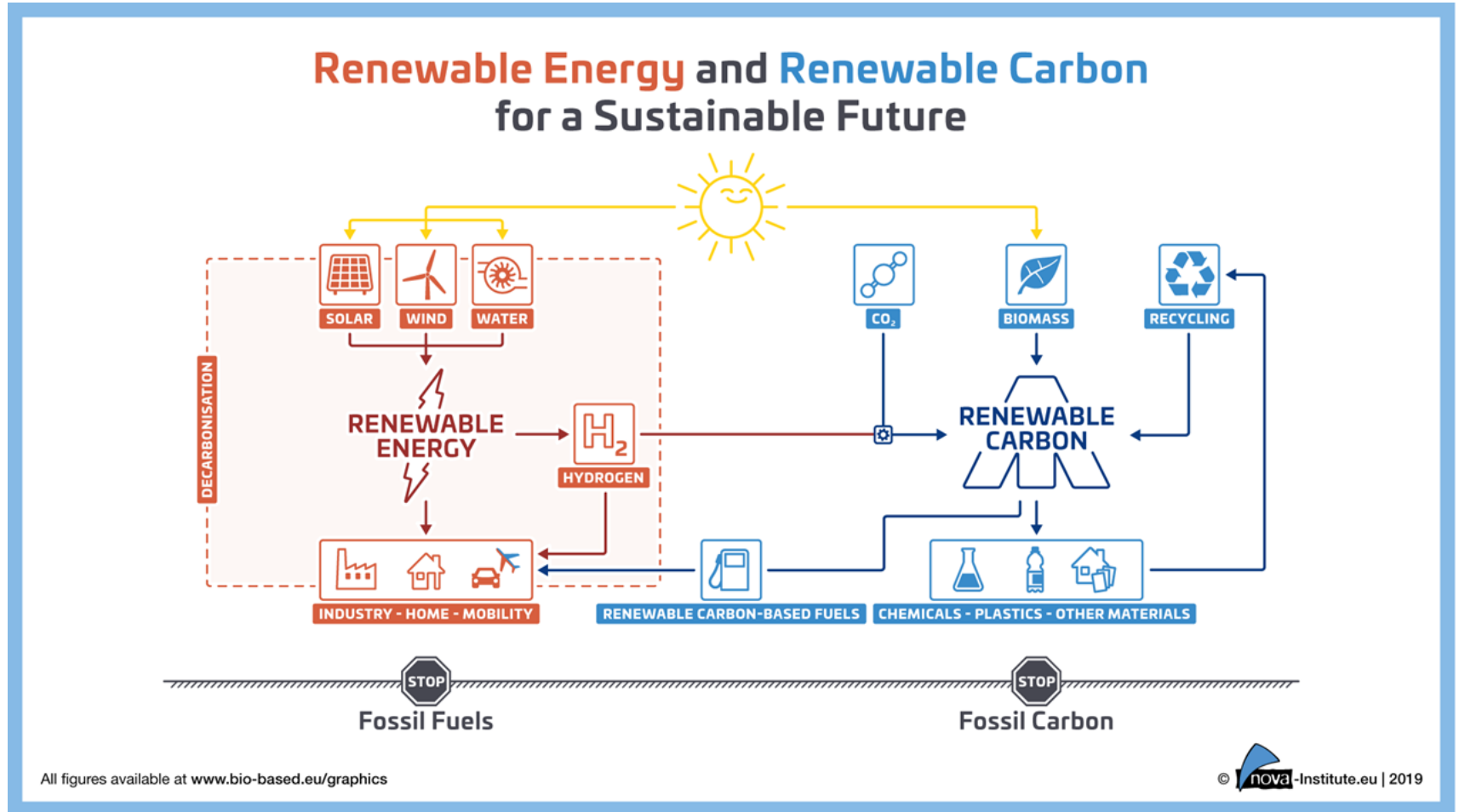
If we know that:

Waste Directive: separate collection of the organic fraction.

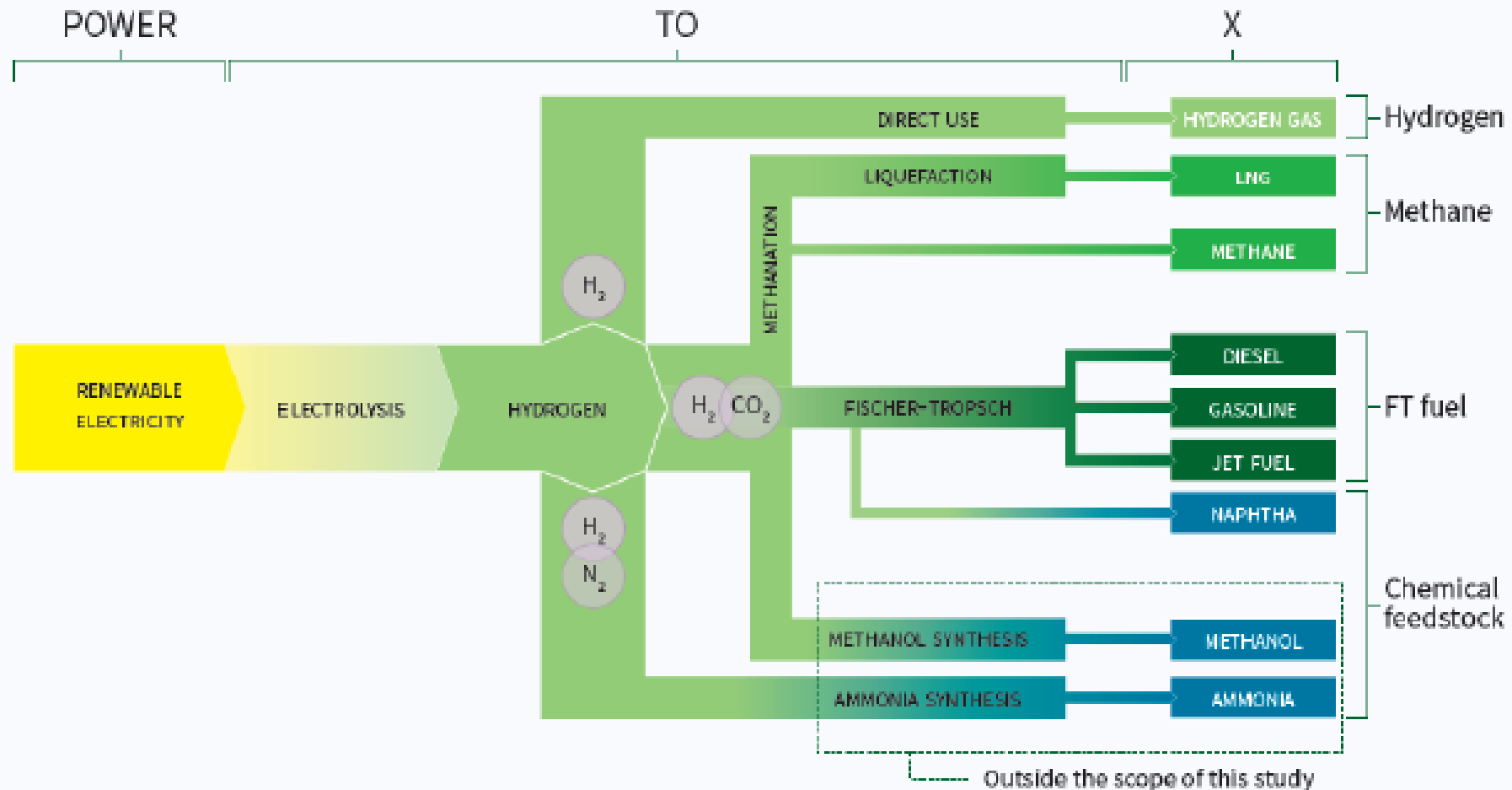
Recycling Directive: plastic packaging must contain 50% recycled materials in 2025 (55% in 2030)

Landfill directive: only 10% of MSW can go to landfills in 2035

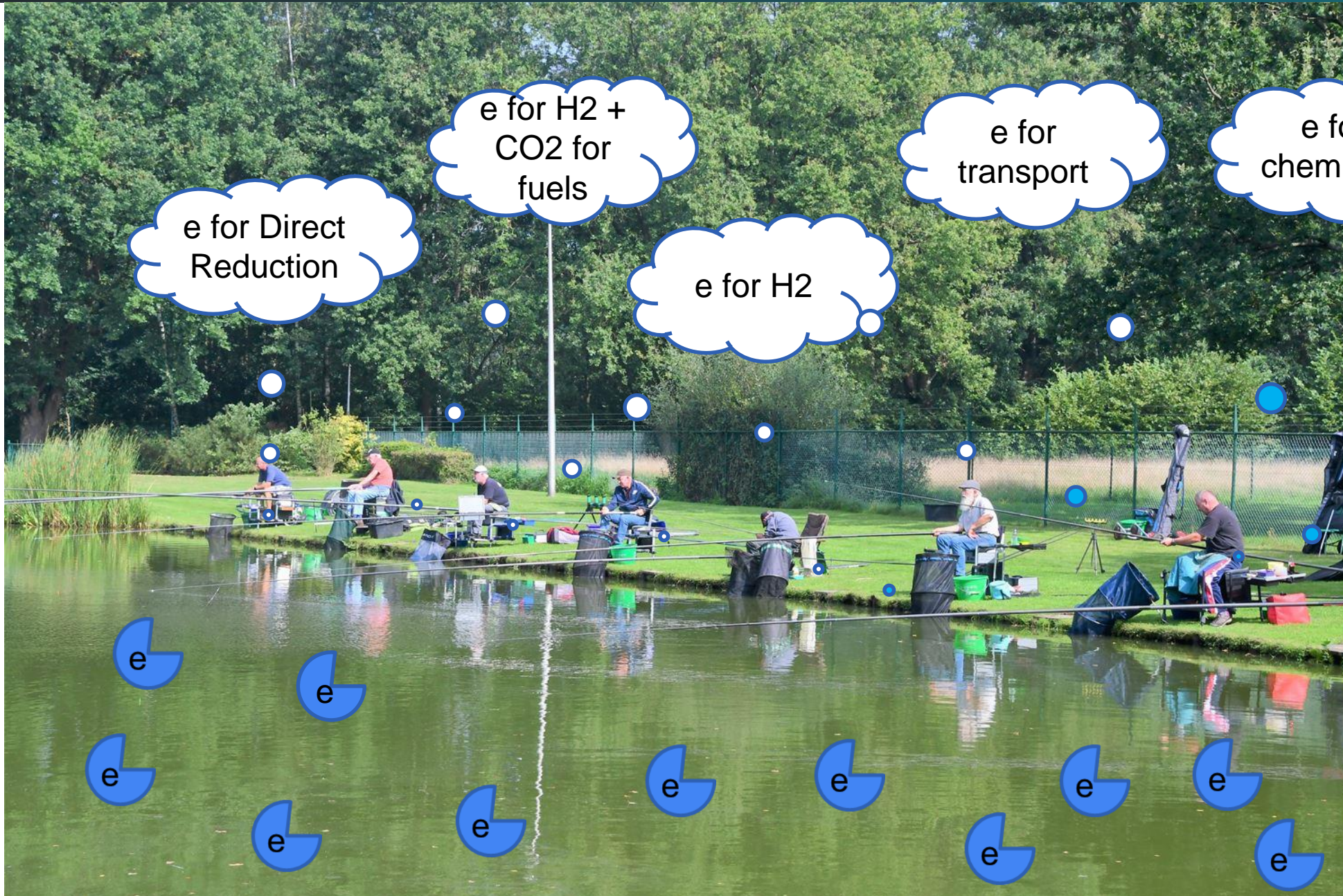
- Energy
 - Lower fossil
 - Lower carbon
 - Fossil free ?
- Materials
 - Biomass
 - CO₂
 - Recycling



BOX 3. POWER TO HYDROGEN TO X

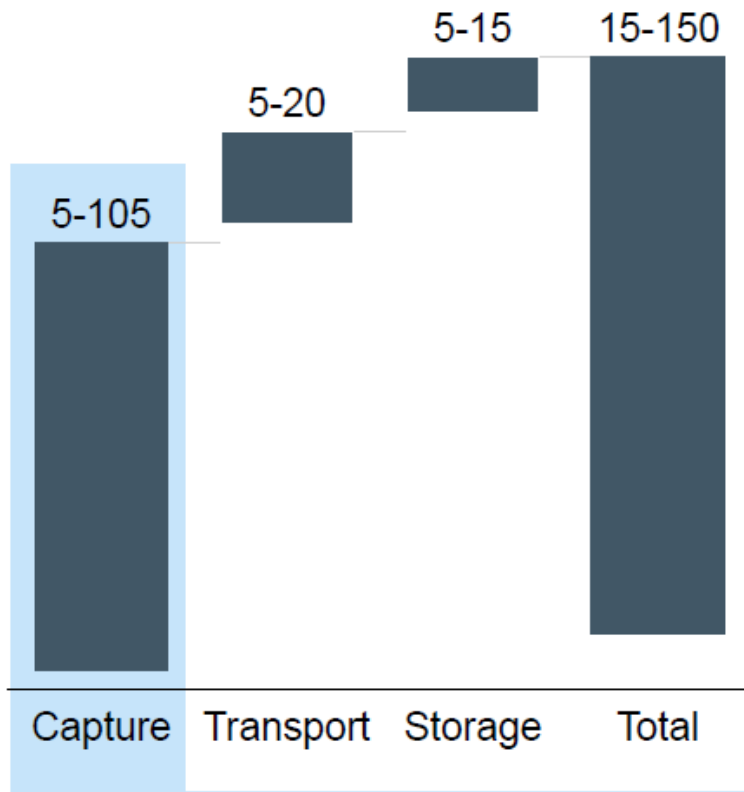


All fishing in the same electron pool

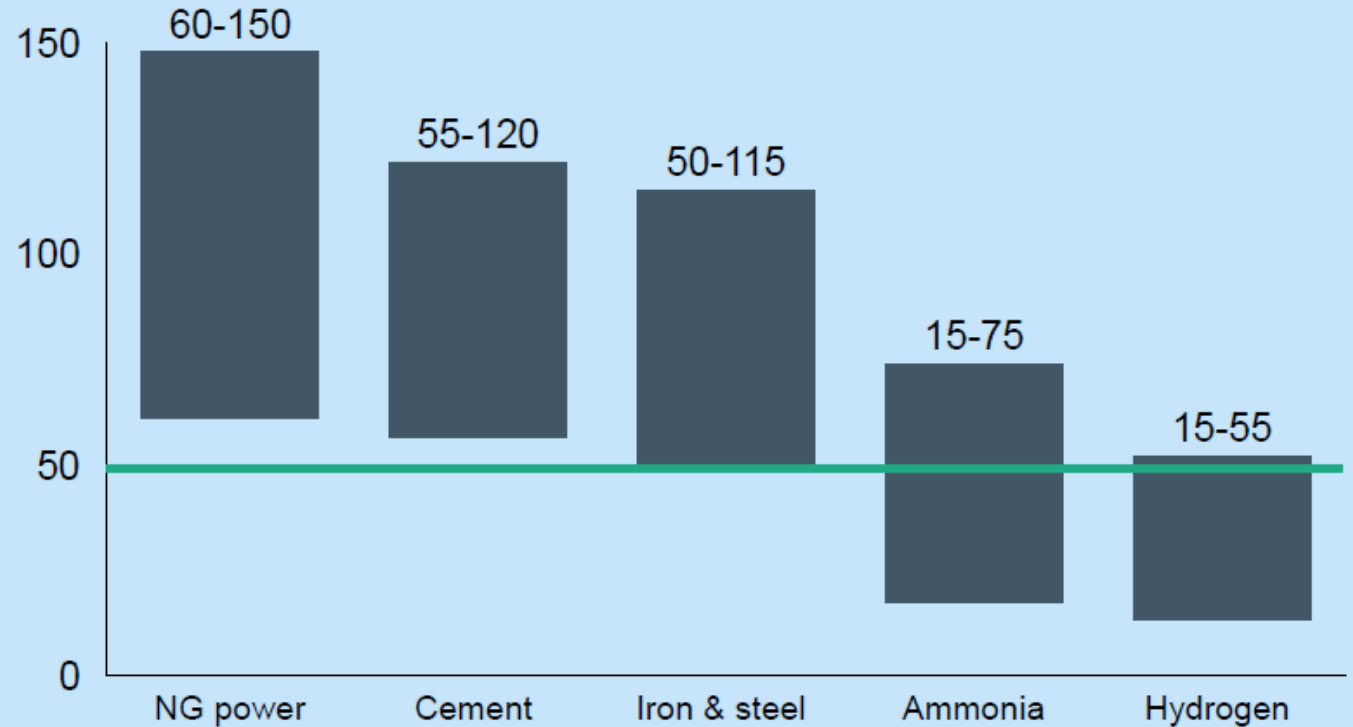


We also need CO2, but different capture costs

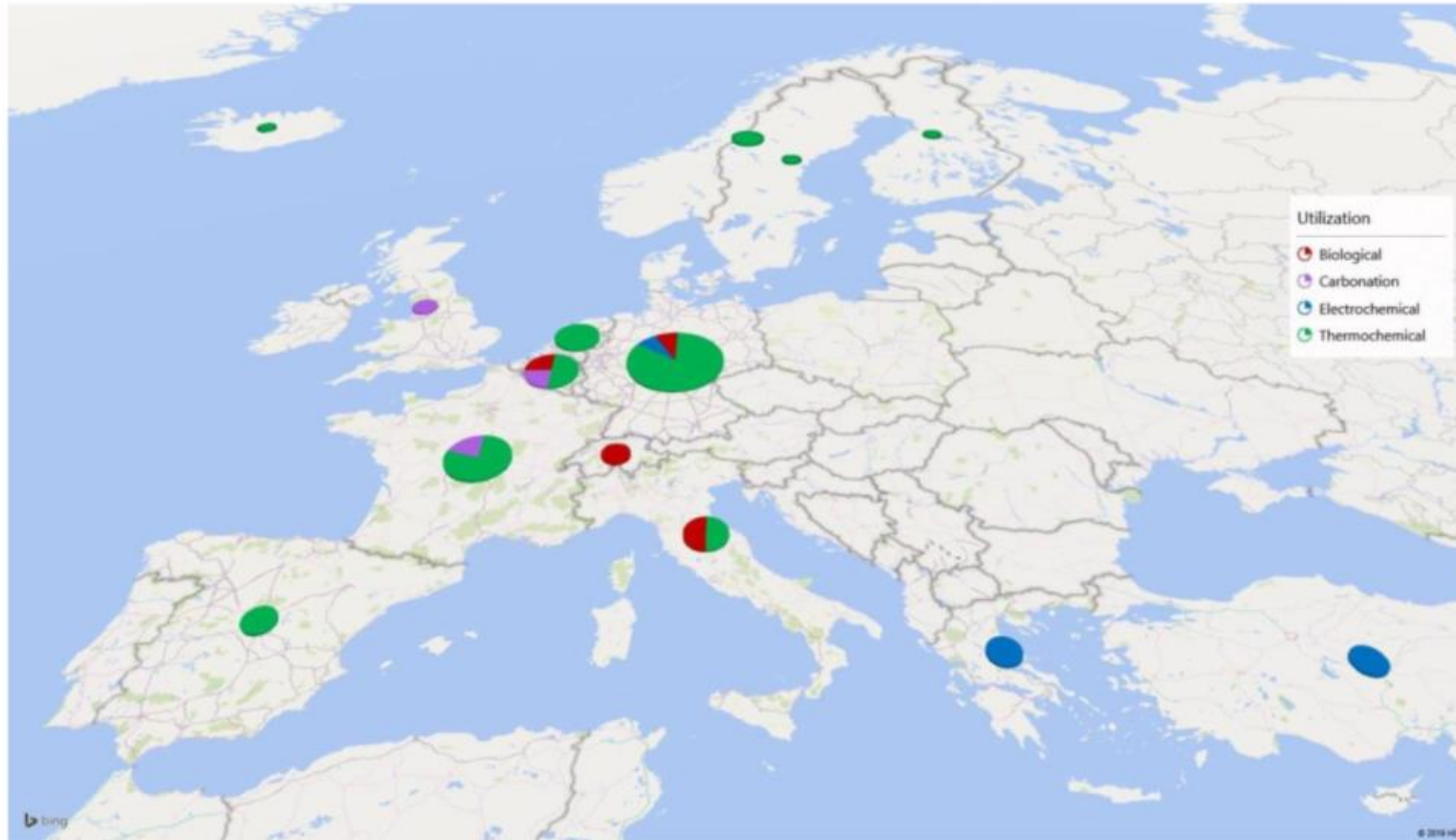
CCS cost breakdown, €/ton - CO2



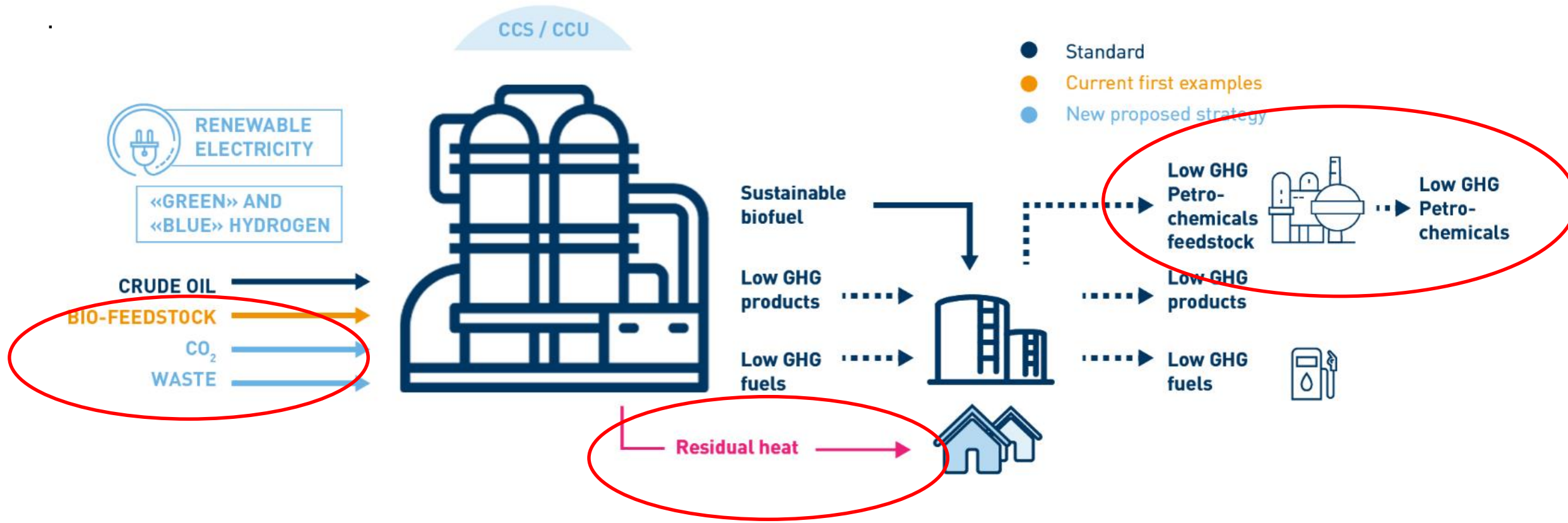
CCS cost ranges by industry, €/ton - CO2



Collective intelligence: >125 CCU projects in Europe

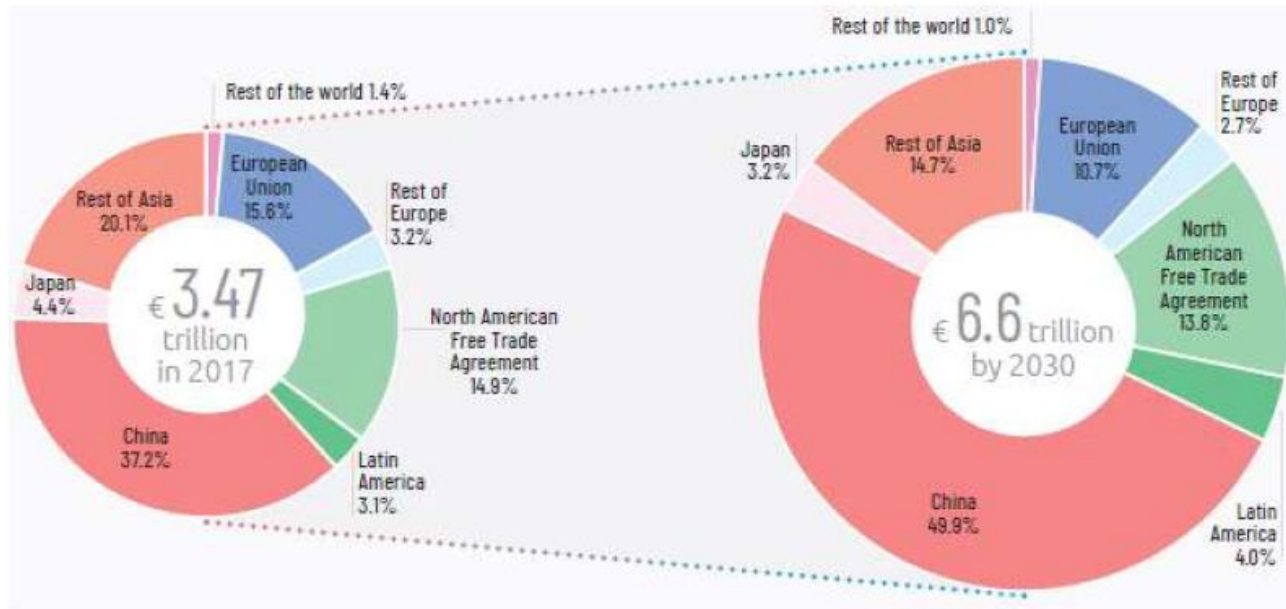


- approx. 50% high TRL projects (from demo. to commerc.)
- approx. 63% CO₂ to chemicals and fuels projects
- approx. 27% CO₂ Capture projects
- approx. 10% CO₂ to mineralization projects



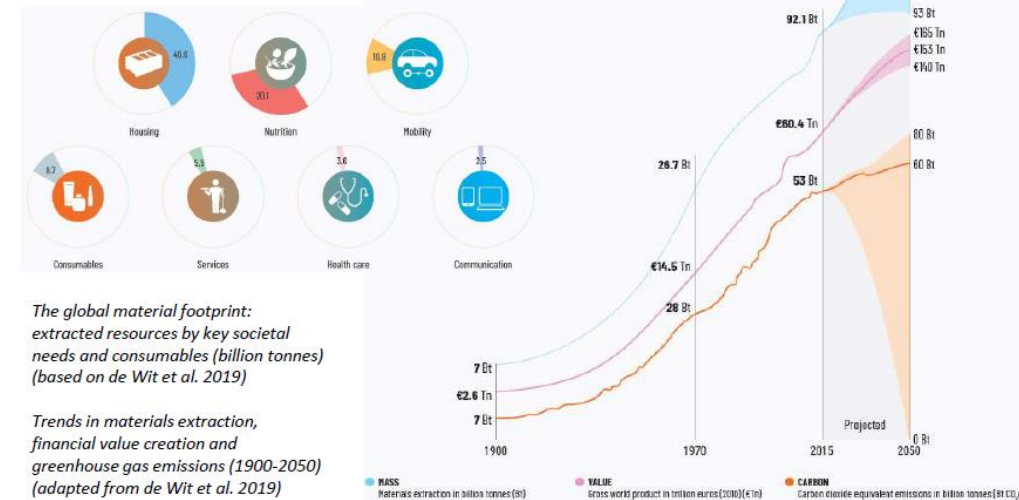
Global chemicals industry growth linked to global growth of need for materials

Global chemical industry projected to double by 2030



Projected growth in world chemical sales (excl. pharmaceuticals) (CEFIC)

- Materials extraction and use is growing rapidly
- Driven by societal needs (e.g. housing)



We don't have oil, shale, ...

But we have a strong bio-economy, biomass, recycling, CO₂-conversion & we are strong in hydrogen

We import every year > 640 Million tons crude oil

Carbon is the only raw material that is available in practically unlimited quantities in contrast to metals & minerals

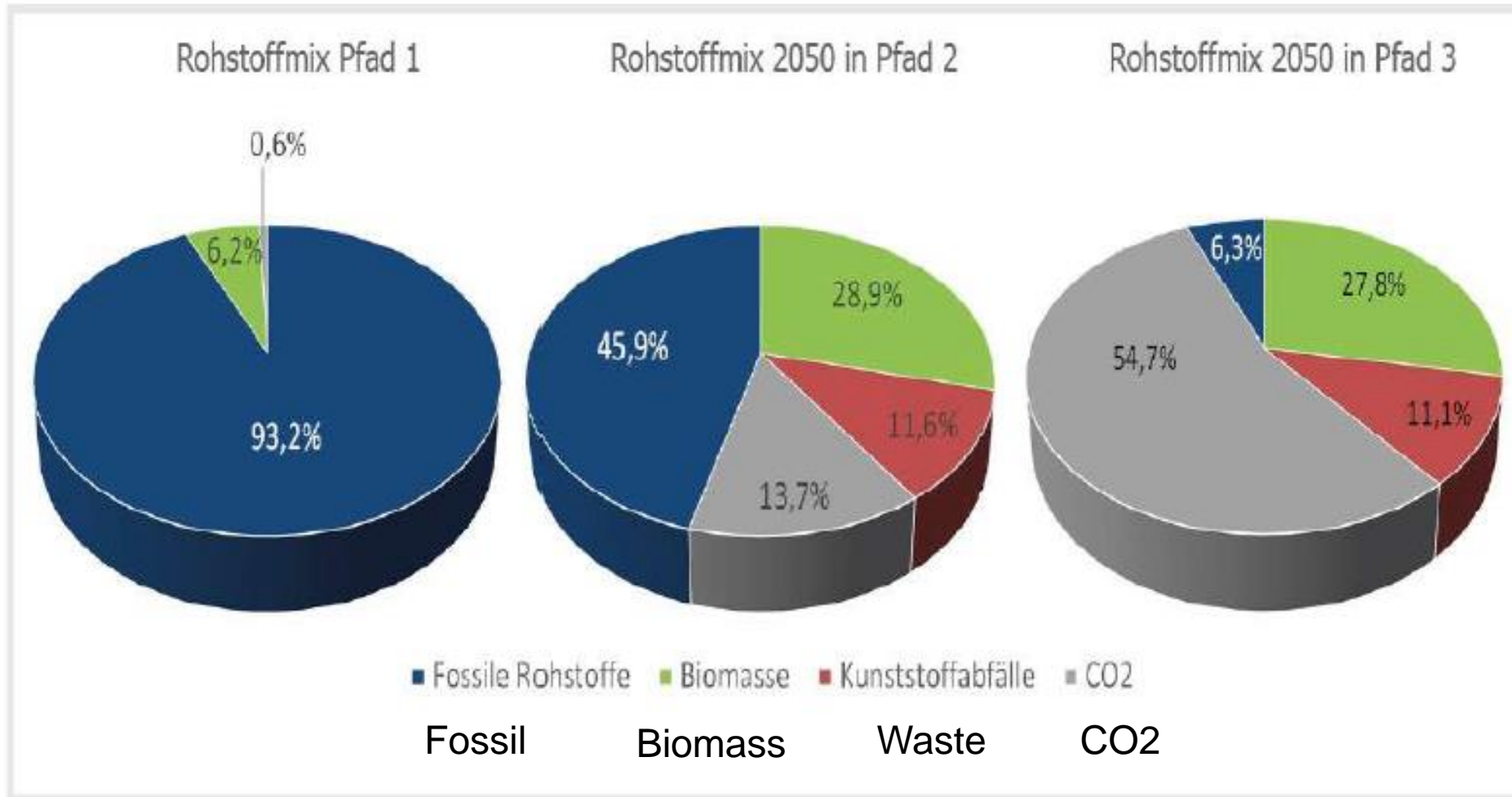
ASPIRE



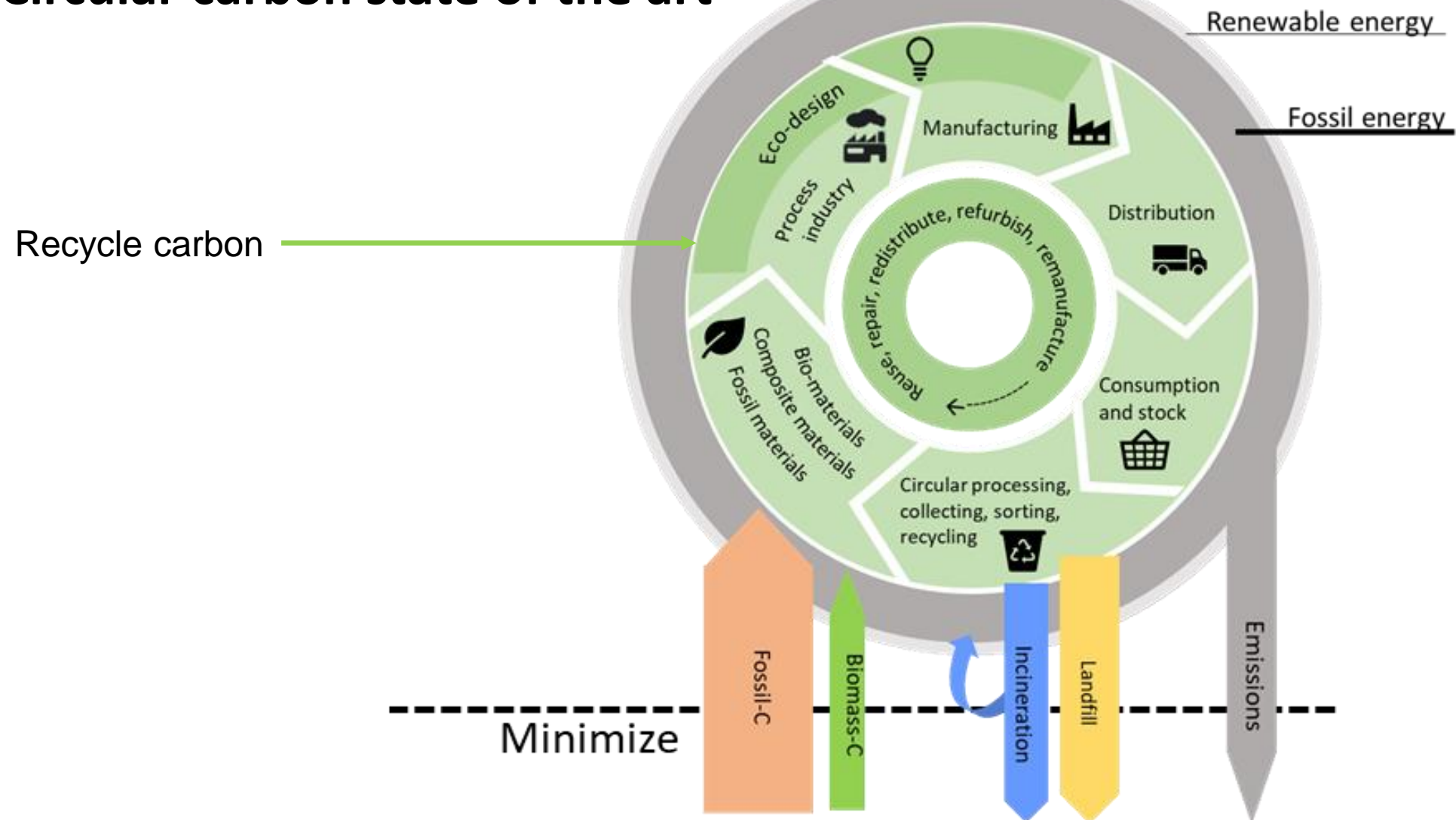
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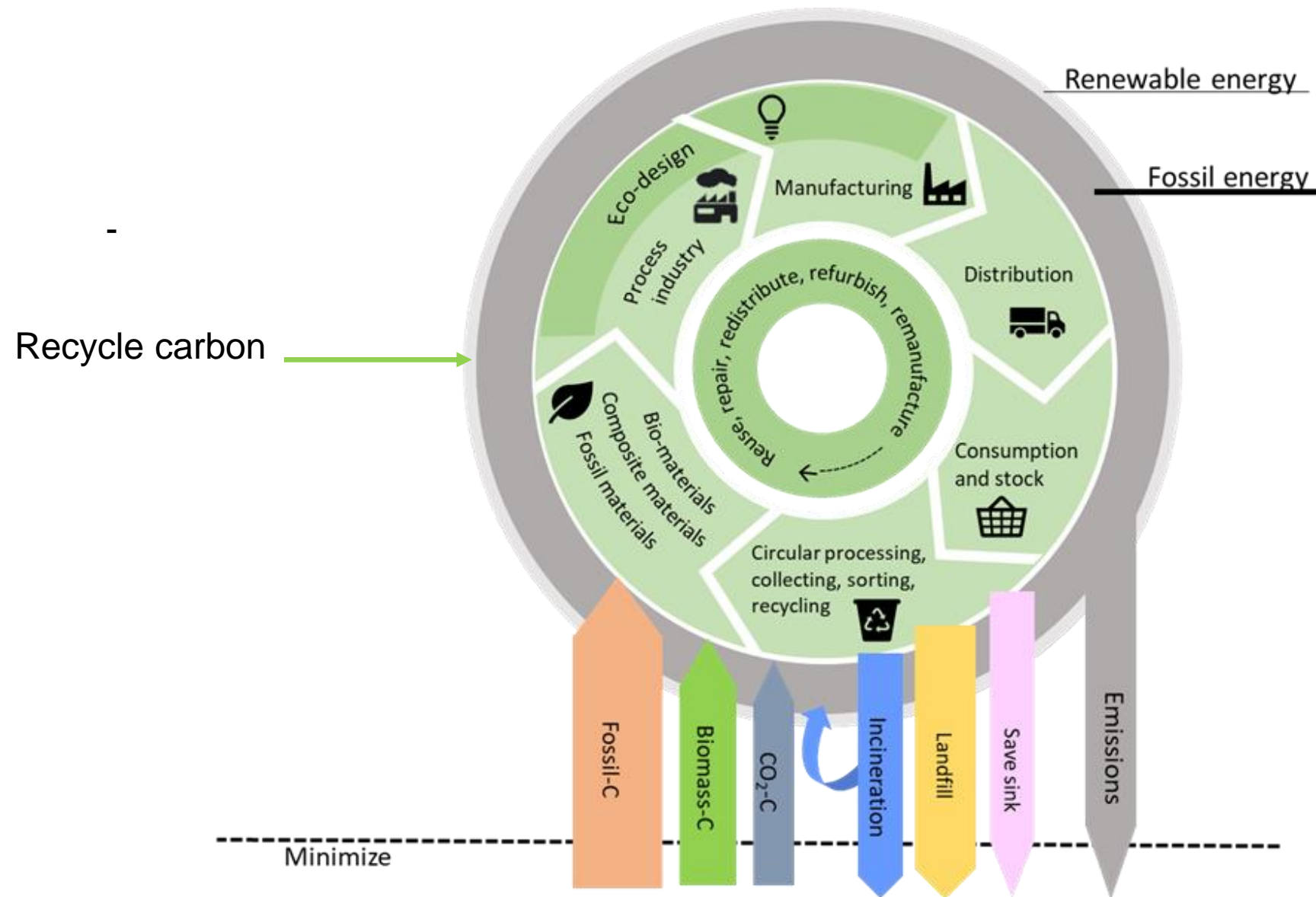
Which will be the feedstock mix? It's a guess.

E.g. Changing resources and feedstock in the German chemical industry (VCI 2019)



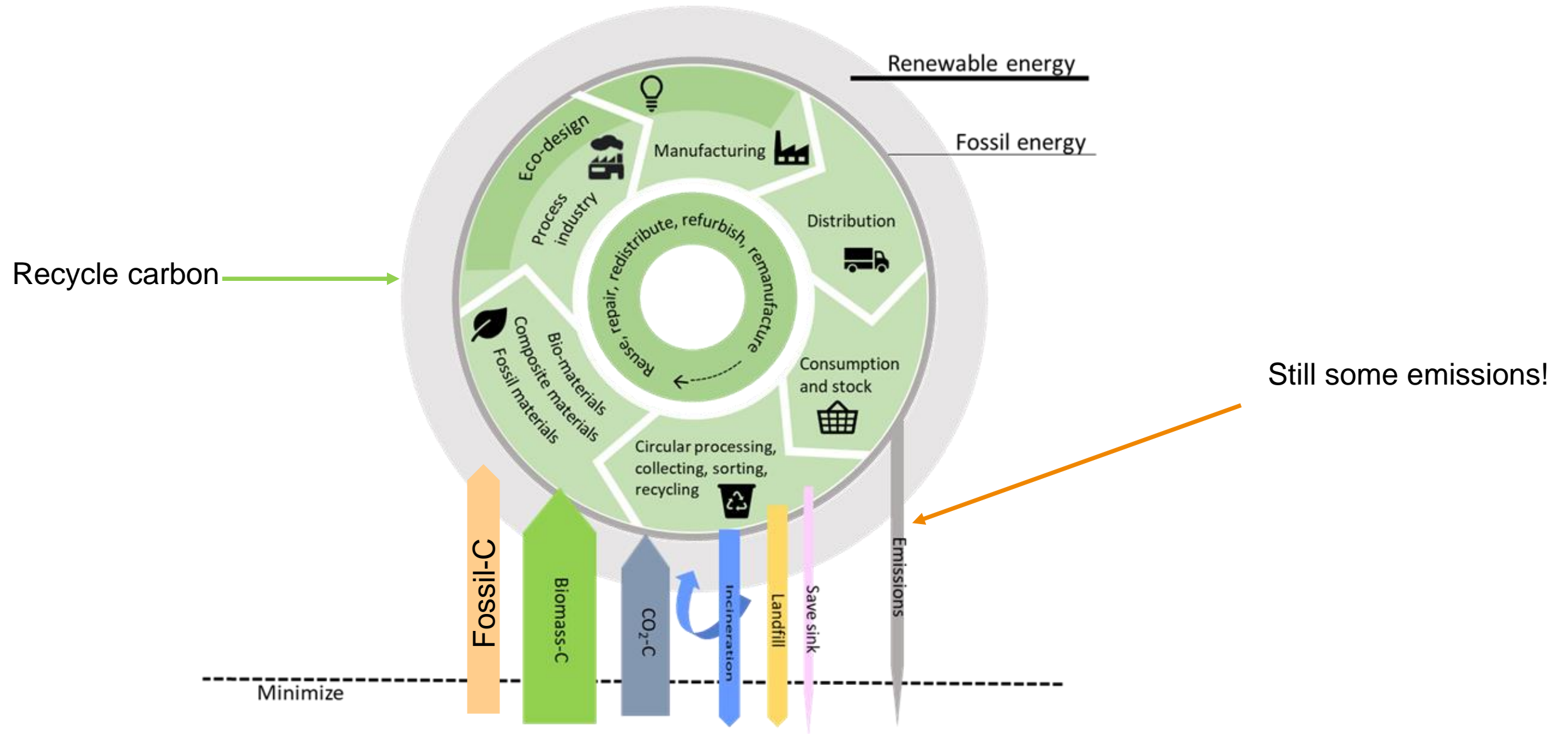
Circular carbon state of the art

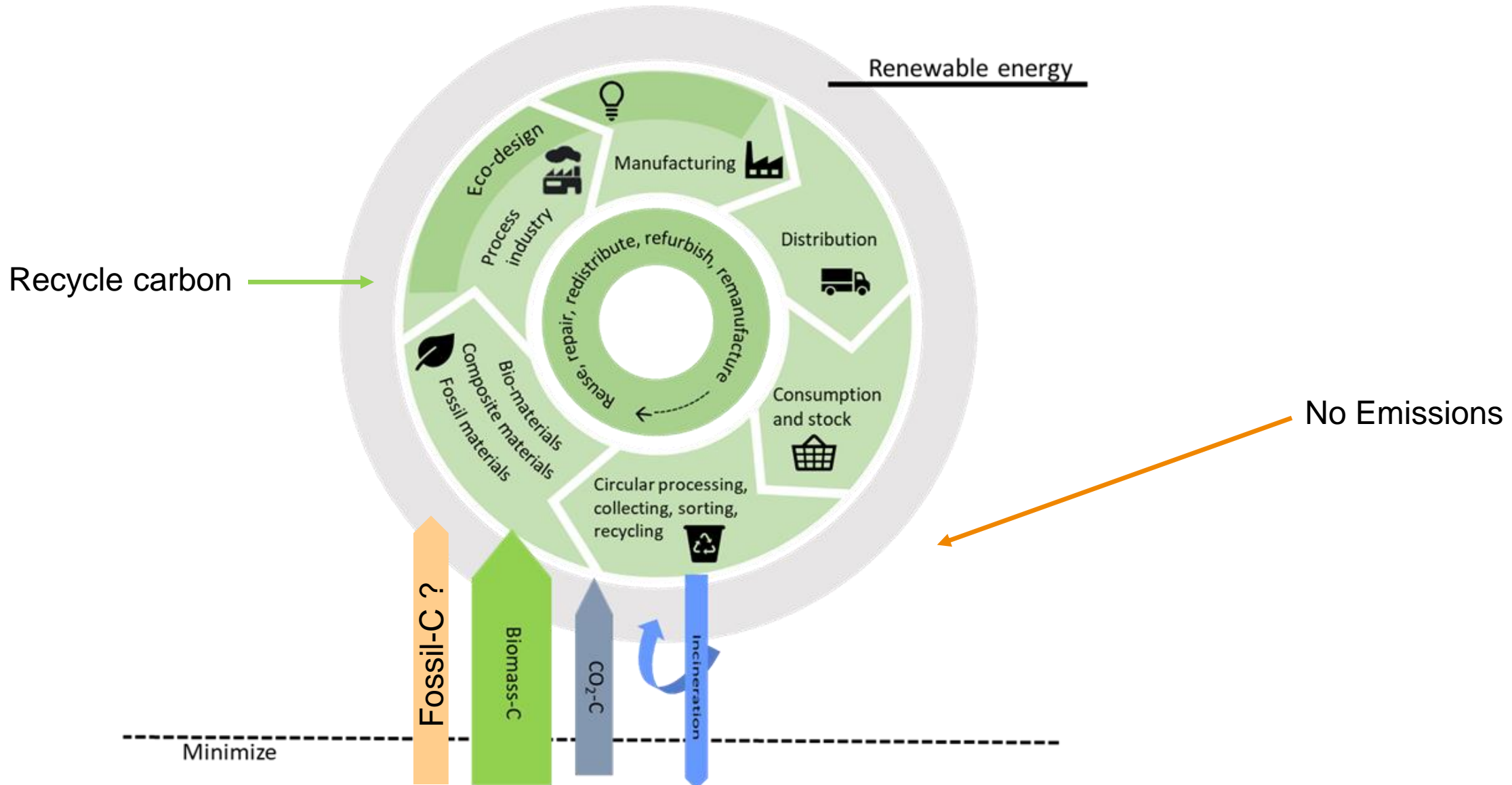




Transition to a circular economy is transition to a non-toxic economy

Safe & Sustainable by design





- P4Planet offers large opportunities to go for sustainable and circular production in a competitive way
- For energy we will move away from fossil
- But some energy sources will still be based on fuels
- But we are all fishing in the same electrons pool
- We will not decarbonize our materials
- They will be based on biomass, waste and CO2
- There is a growing opportunity via the chemical industry (including refining and pulp & paper) to make more sustainable materials
- Let us not loose energy on defining the winner. We will need them all.
Availability and costs will define where we need what
- P4Planet is a platform to manage this strategically and to create impact via demoplants and FOAKs (marbles)





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