



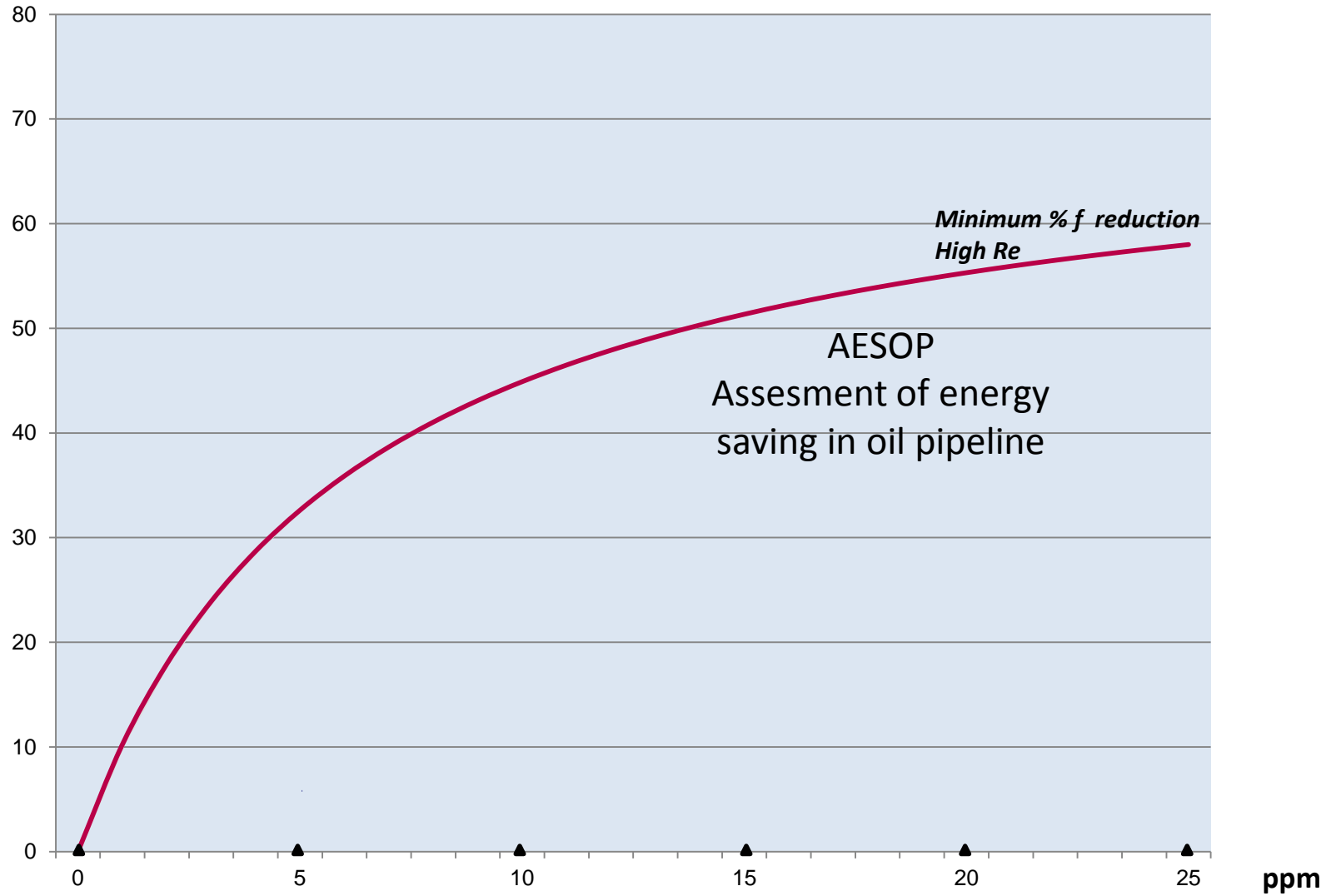
Energy Optimization Through the Accurate Injection of Drag Reducing Agent into Pipelines

- CLH has been using drag reducing agents (DRA) since 1989.
- Gel-type flow improver was the first used, before moving onto water-based additive in 1997. From 2004, alcohol-based DRA has been used.
- The DRA is a polymer that reduces the friction into pipeline, thereby increasing the flow rates and saving costs.

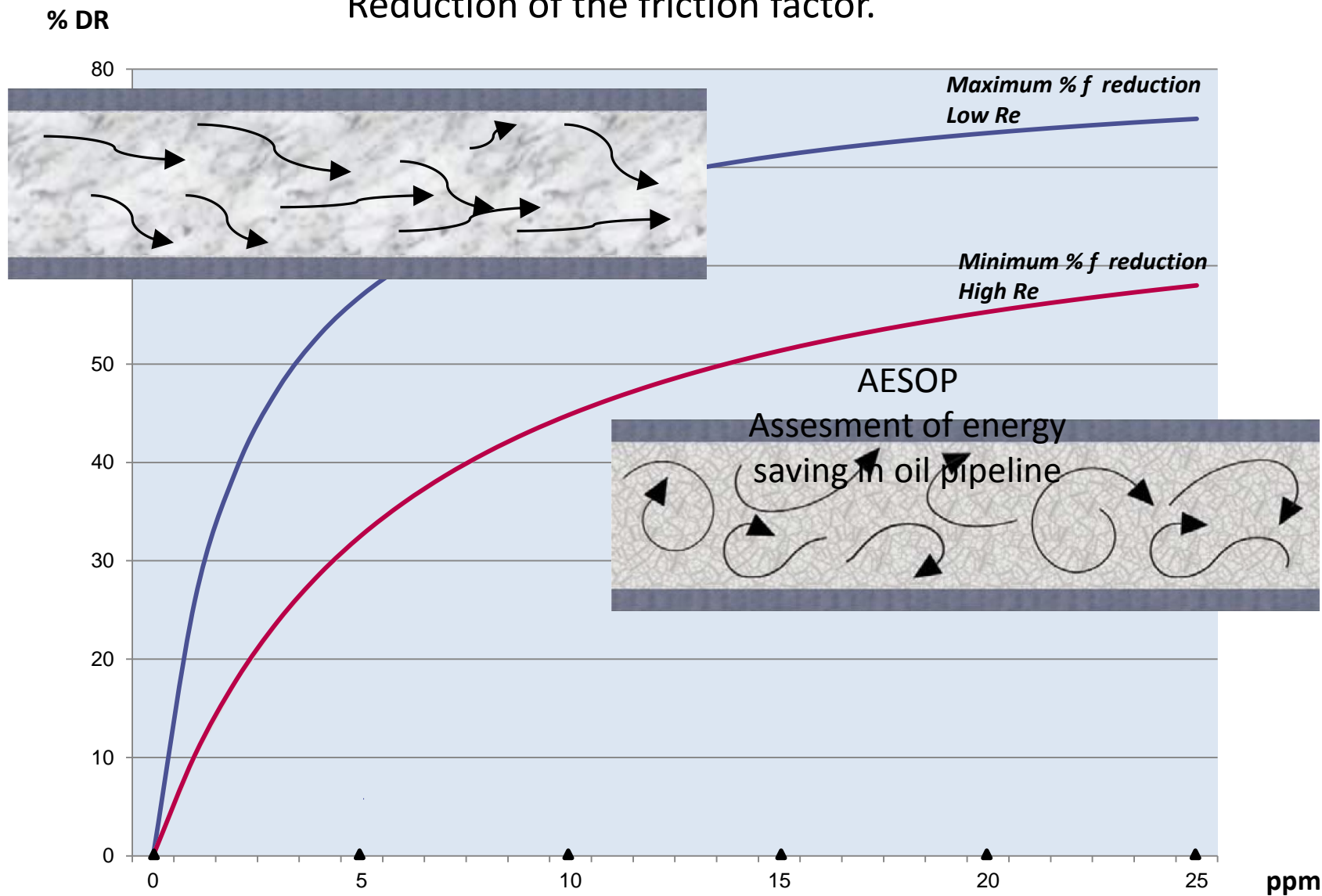
- Reduction of the friction factor.

$$h_f = f \cdot \frac{L}{D} \cdot \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

% DR

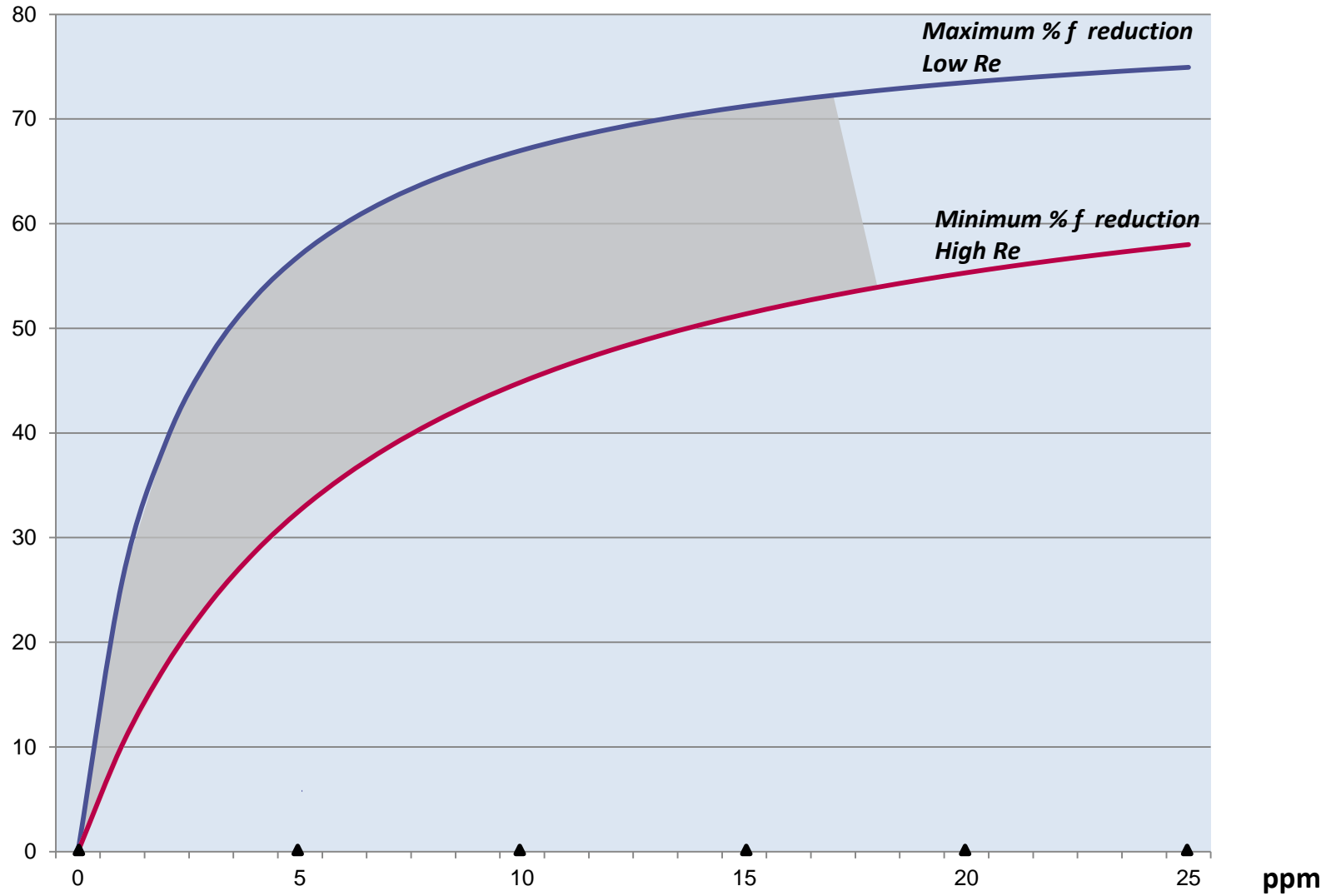


Reduction of the friction factor.

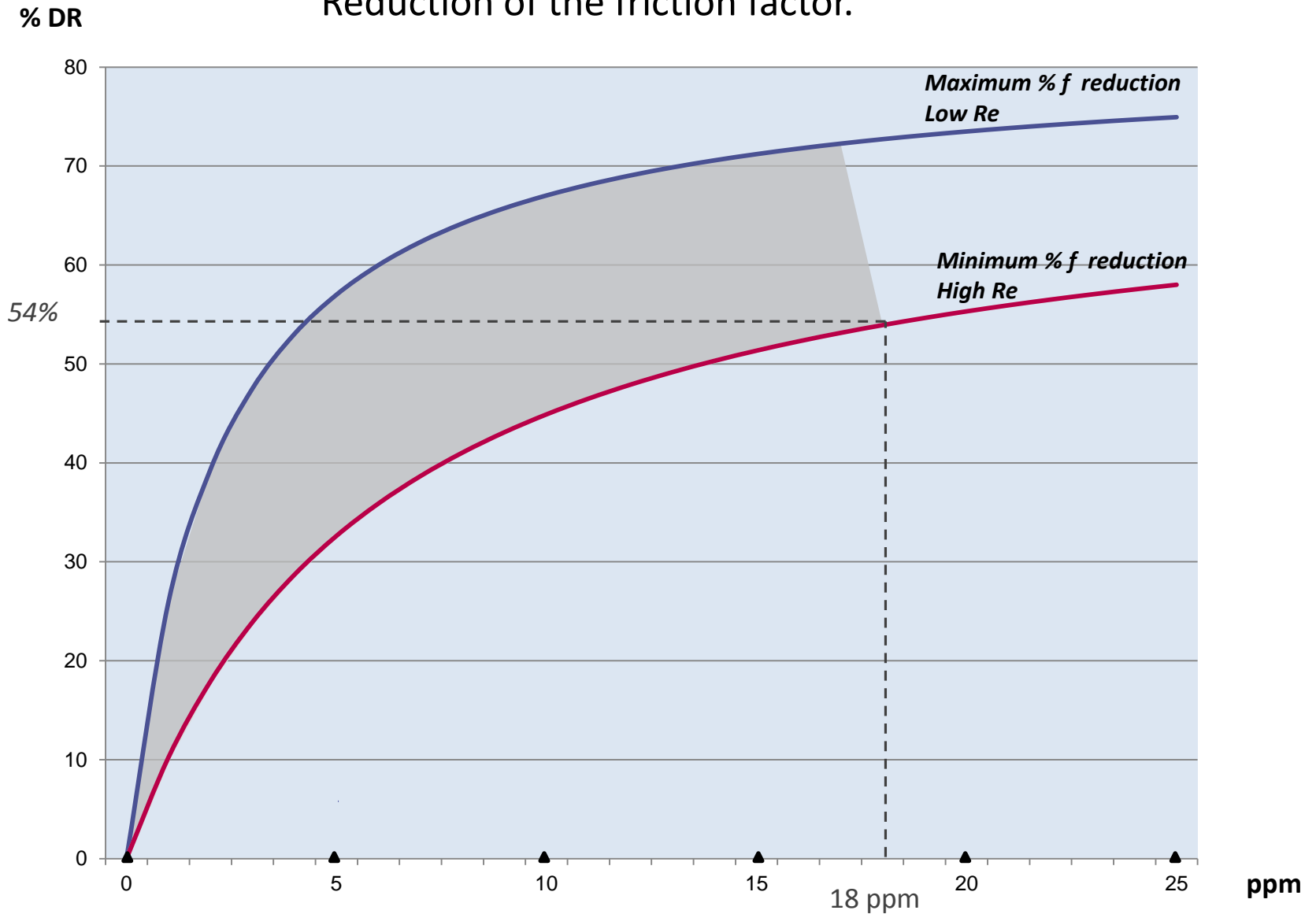


Reduction of the friction factor.

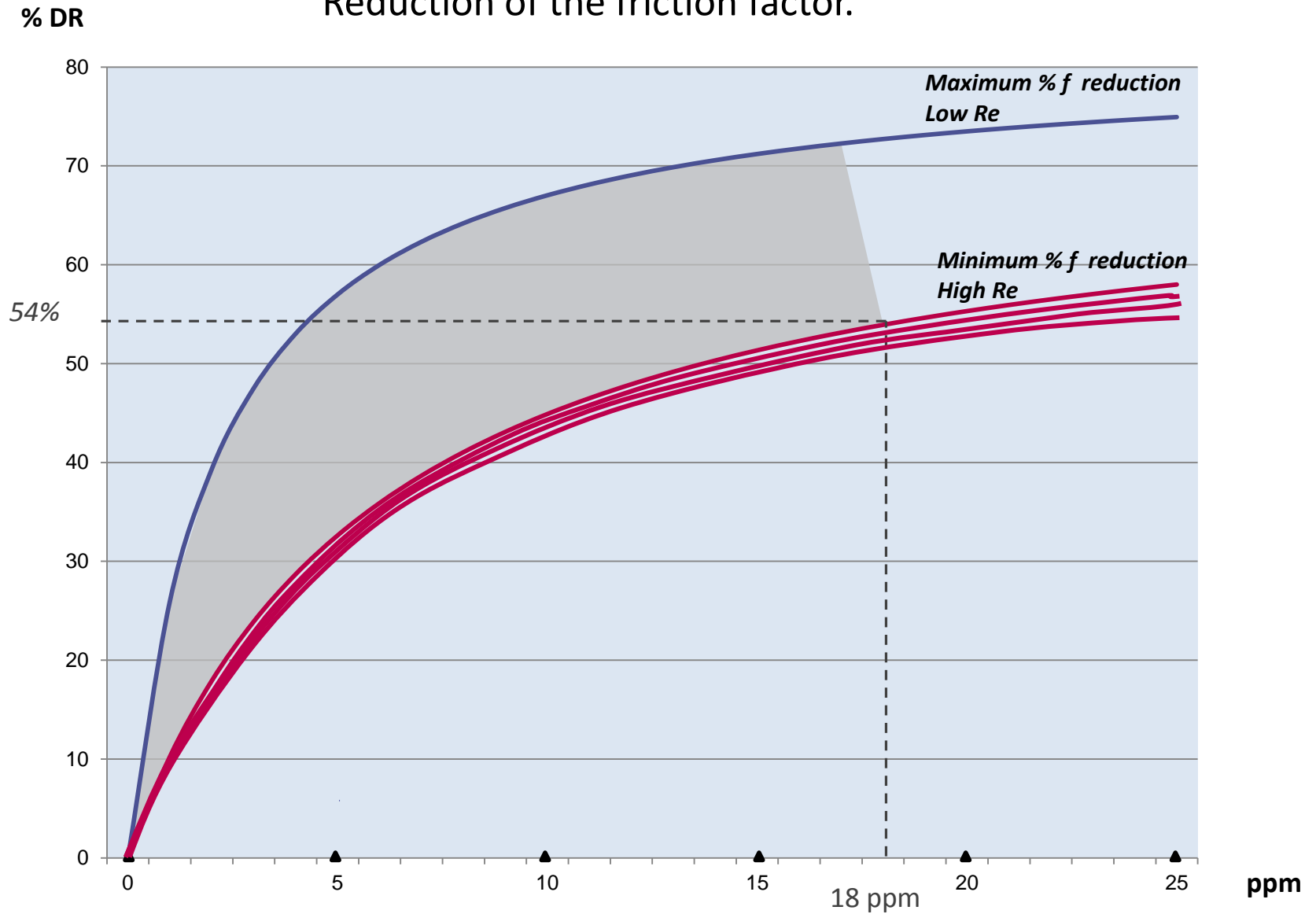
% DR



Reduction of the friction factor.

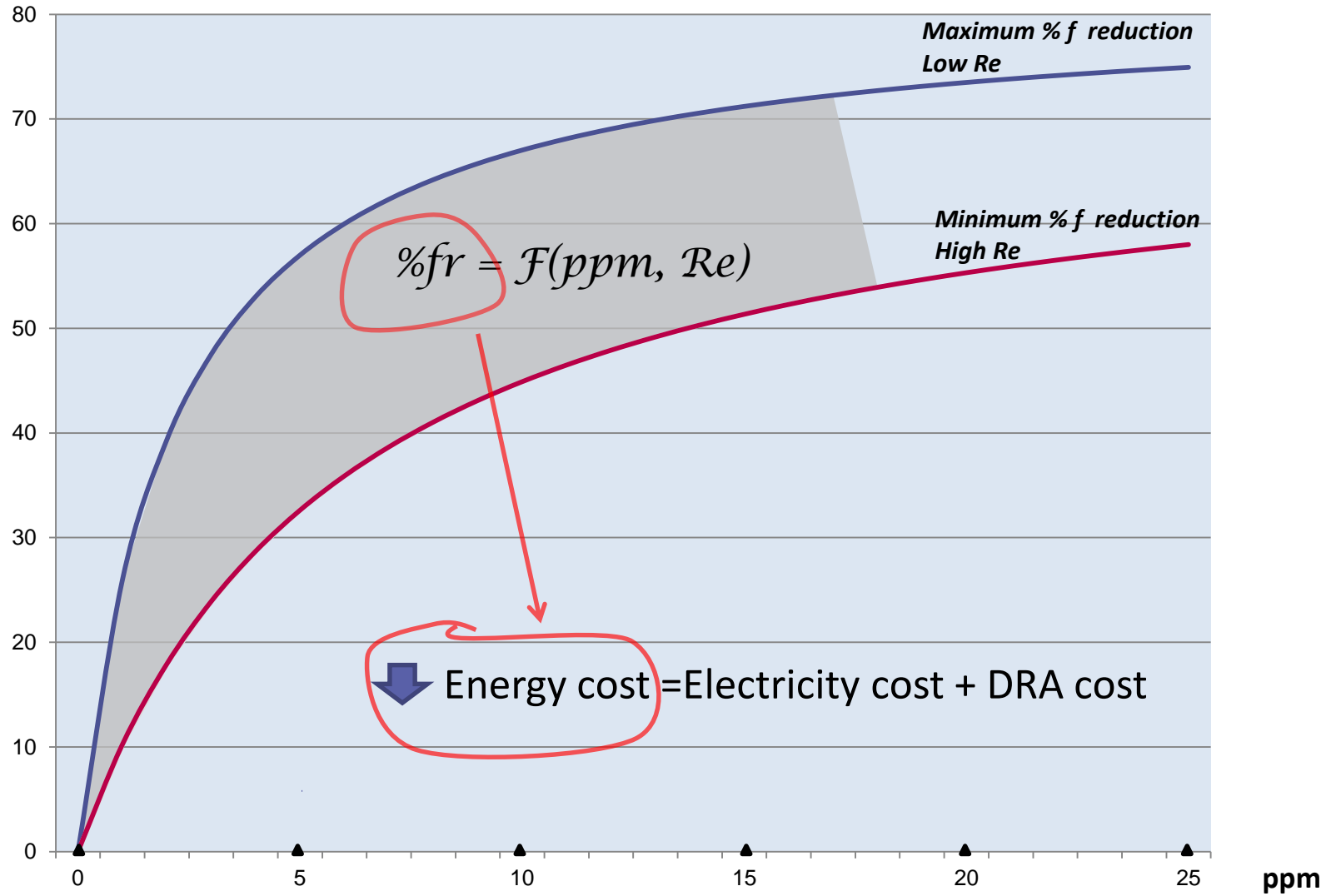


Reduction of the friction factor.

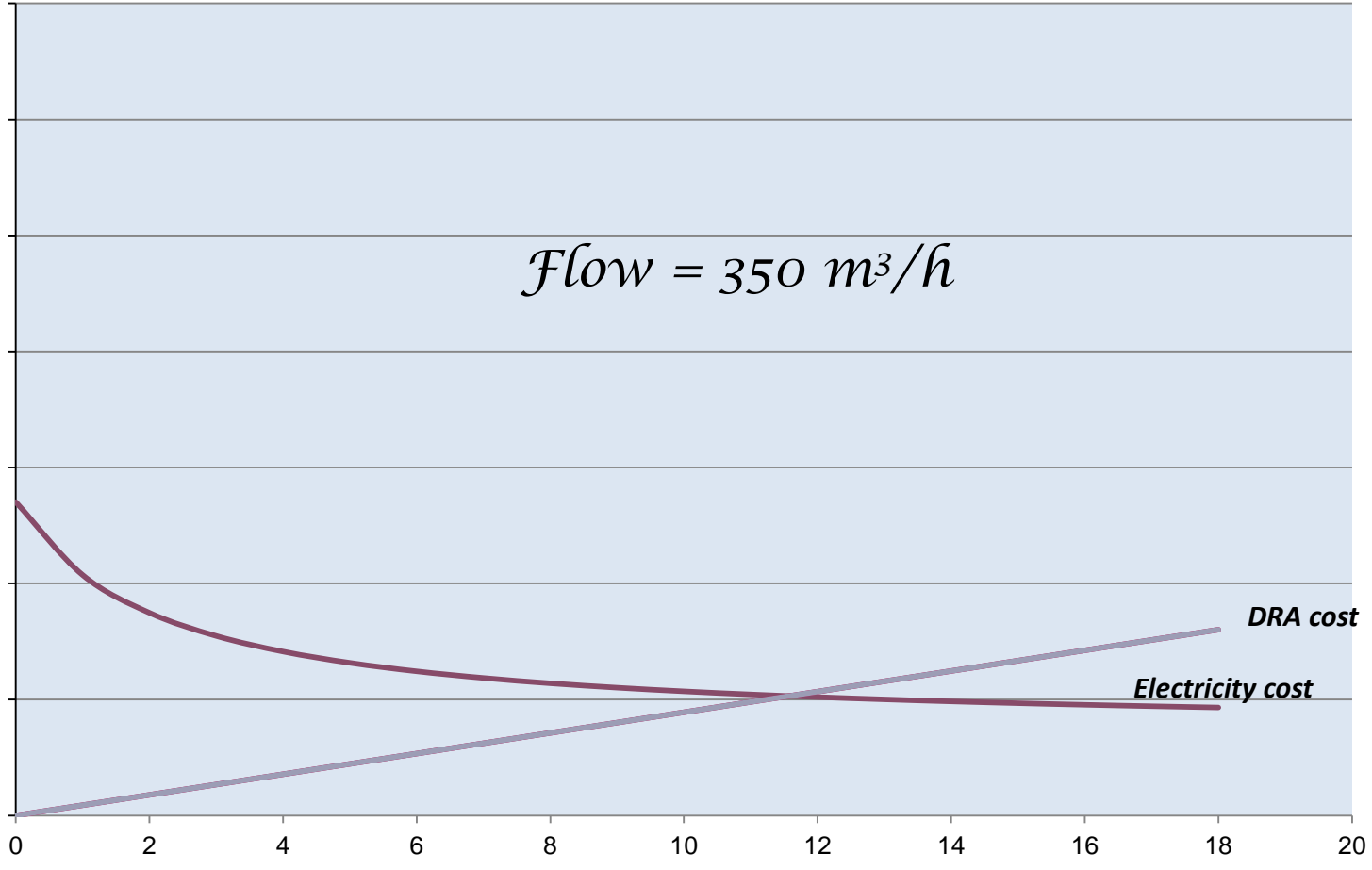


Reduction of the friction factor.

% DR



€/m³



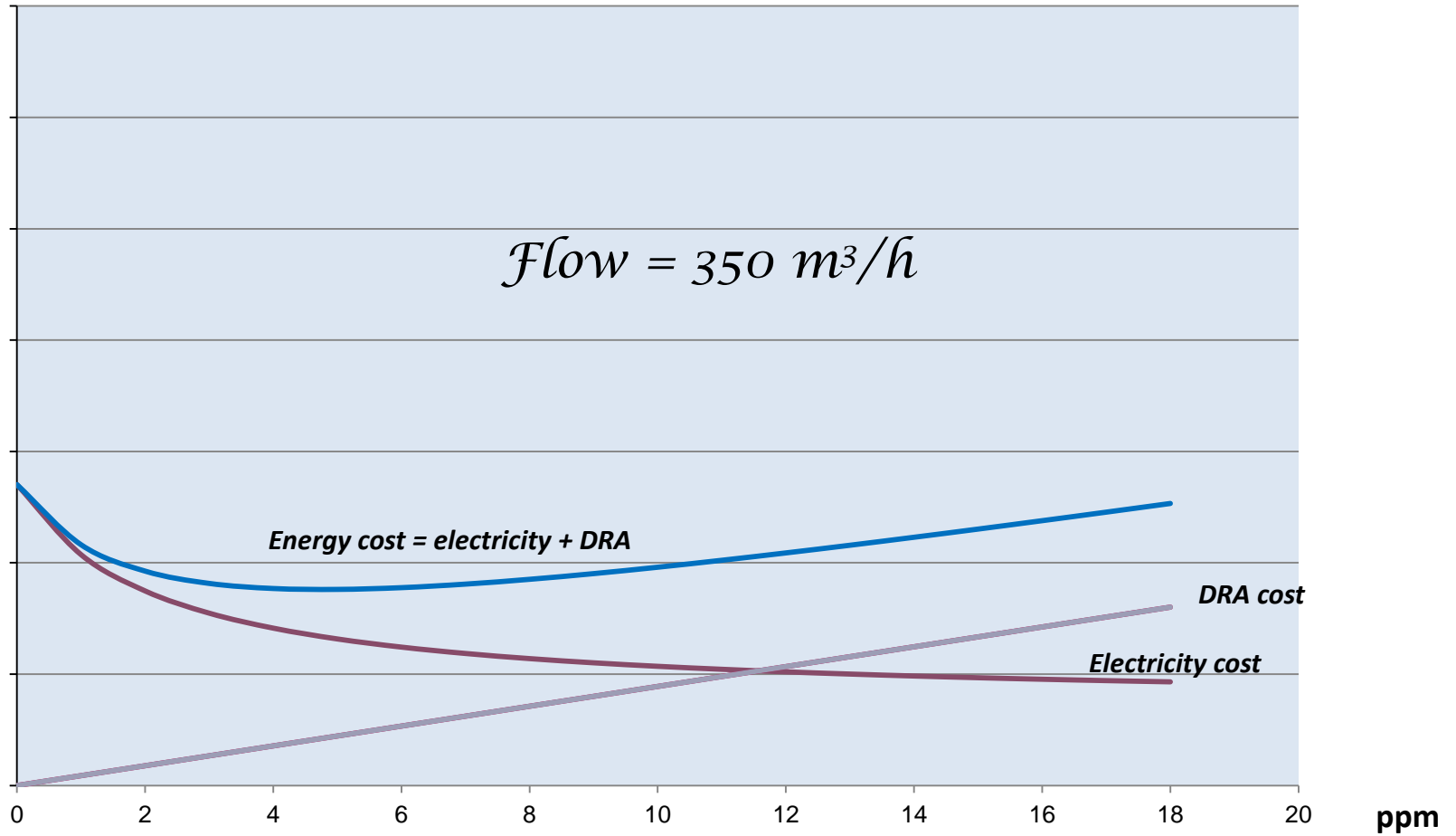
DRA cost

Electricity cost

ppm

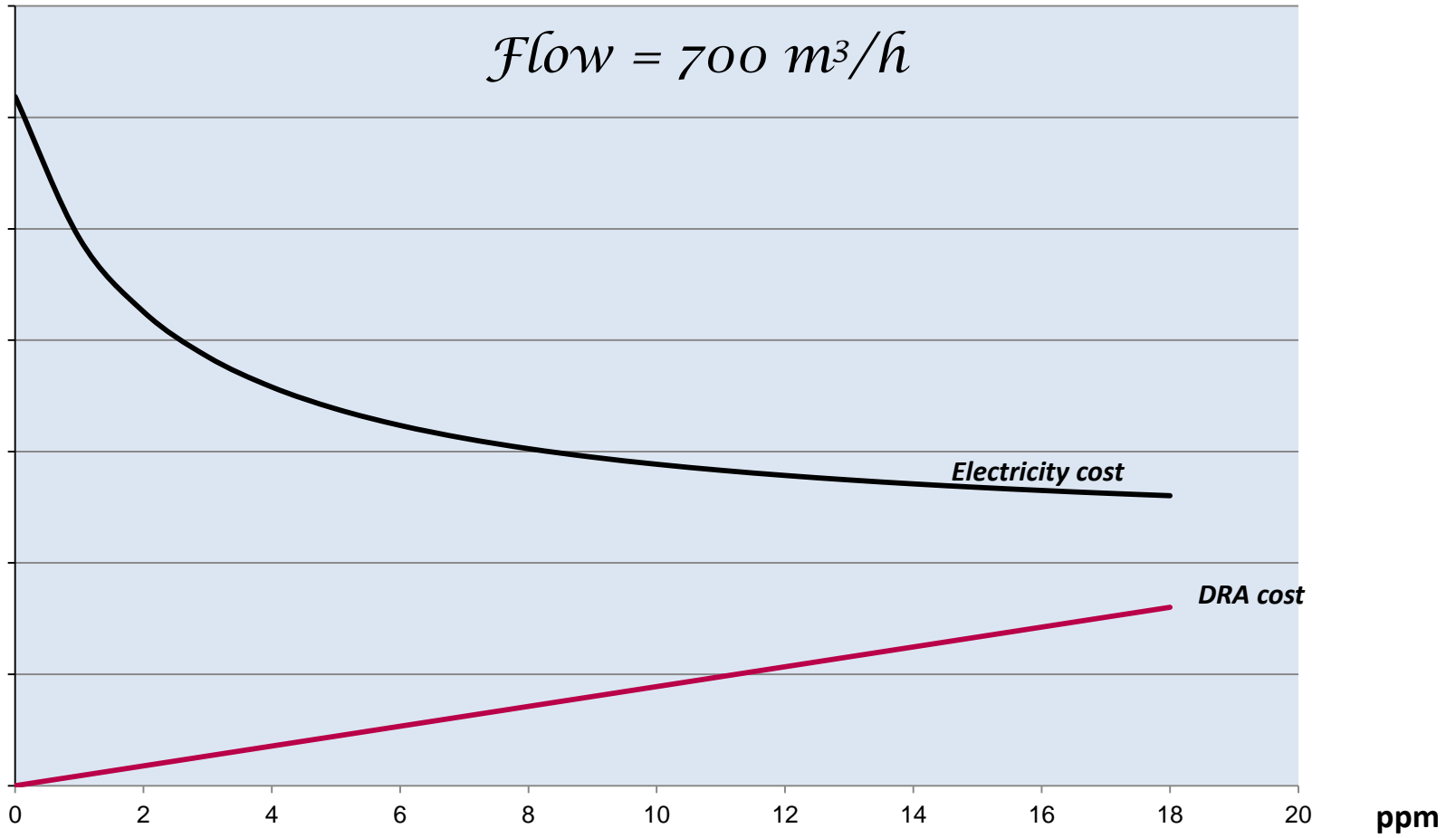
€/m³

Energy cost = Electricity cost + DRA cost



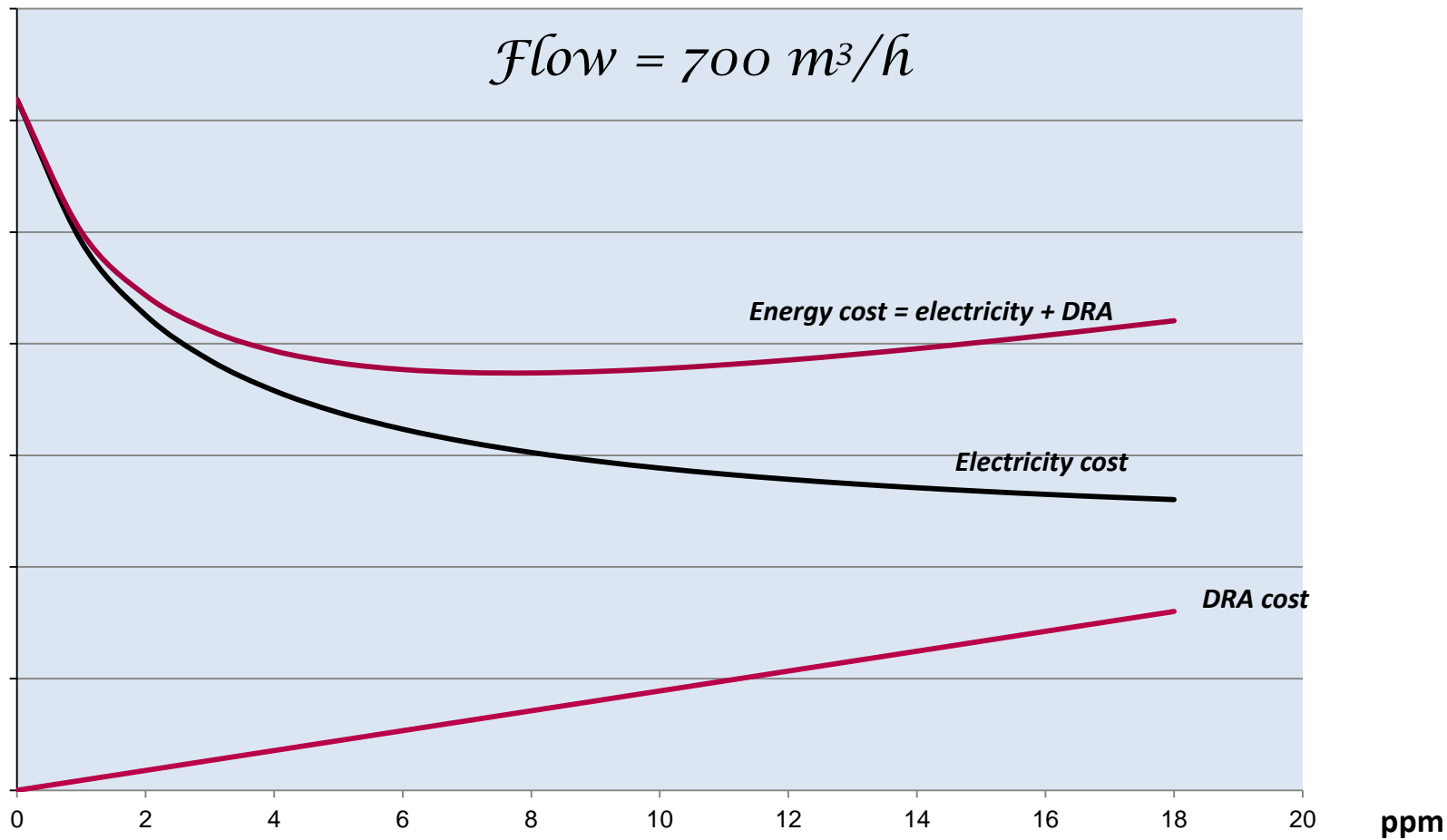
€/m³

Energy cost = Electricity cost + DRA cost



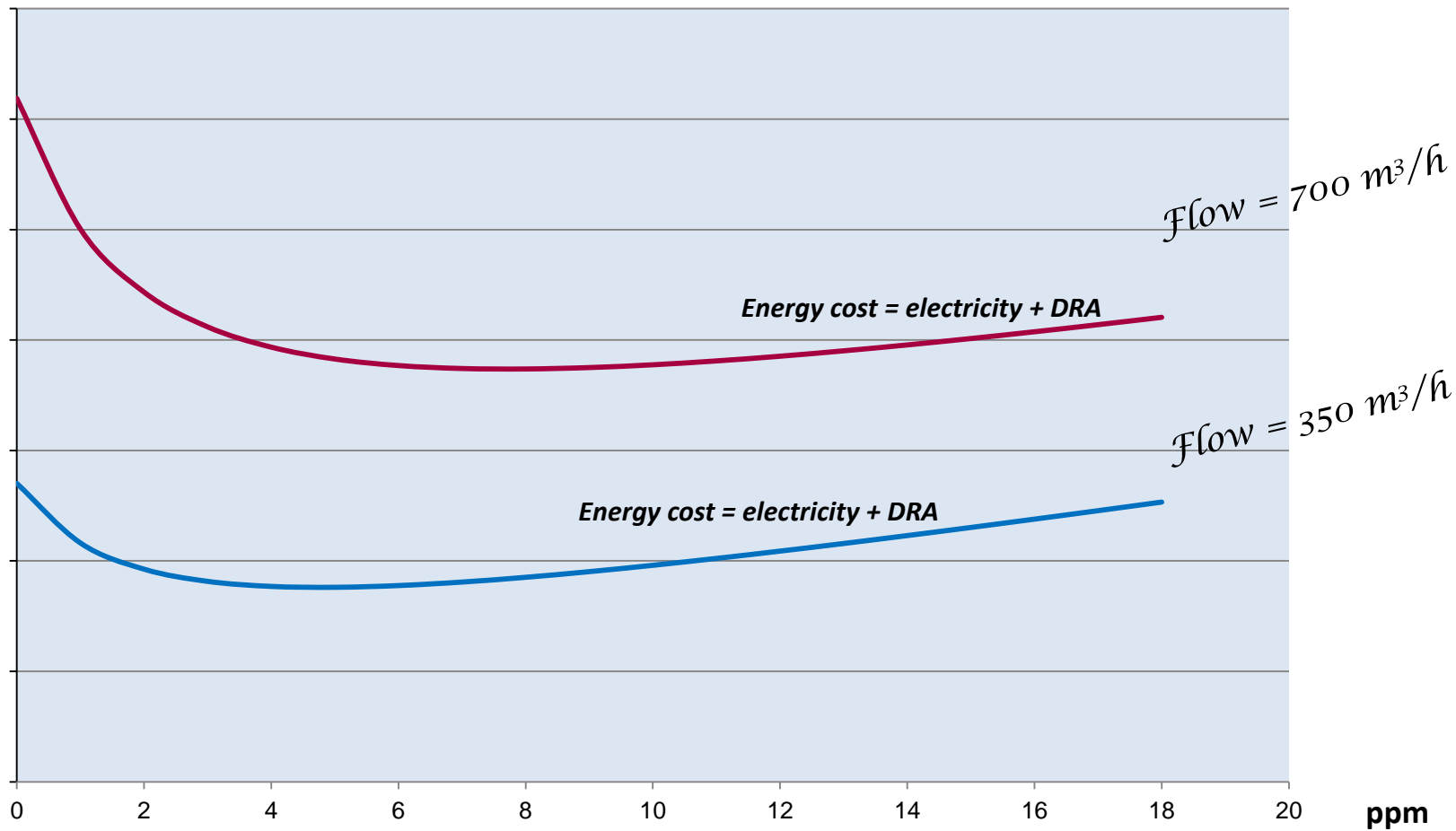
$\text{€}/\text{m}^3$

Energy cost = Electricity cost + DRA cost



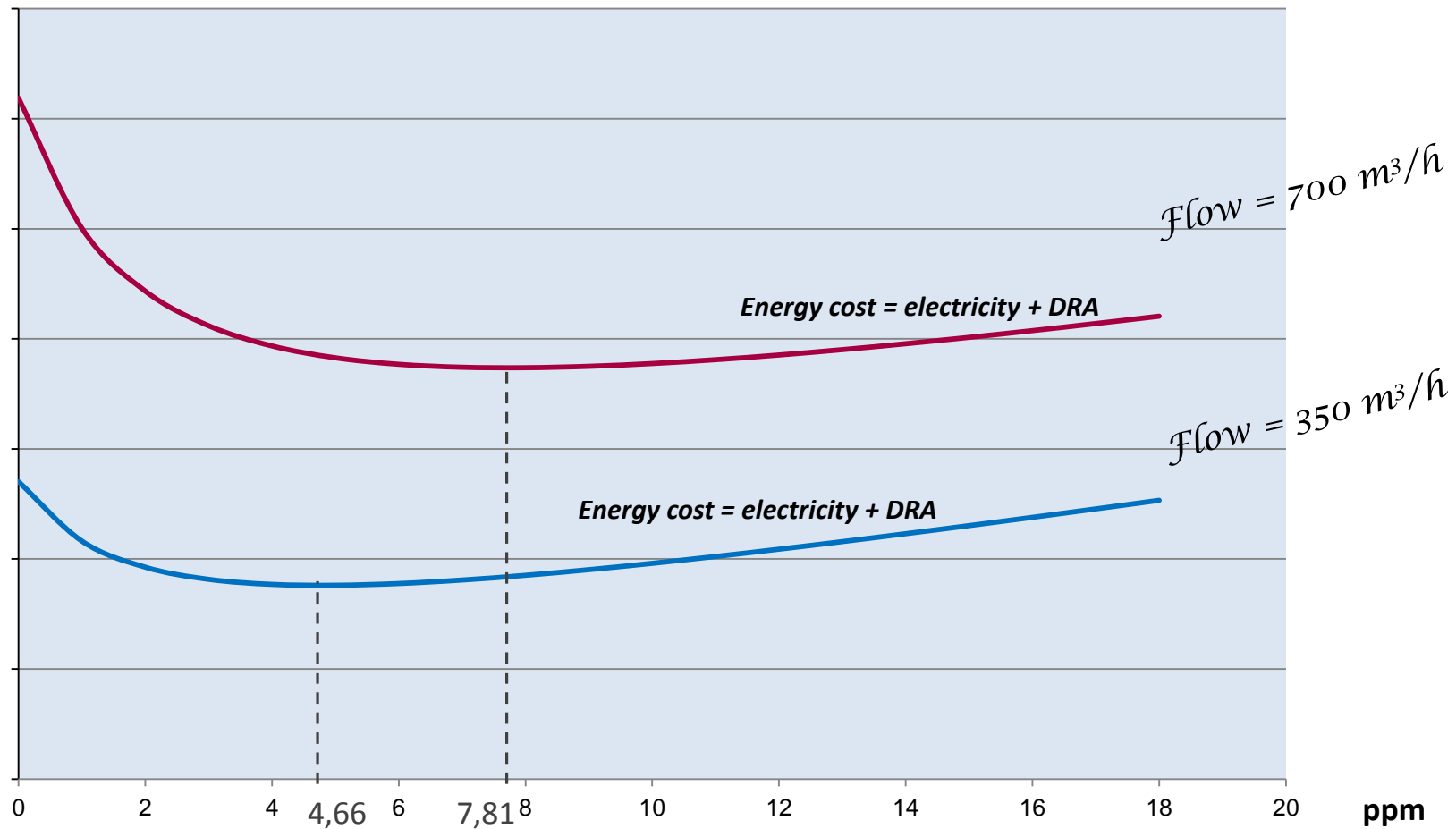
€/m^3

Energy cost = Electricity cost + DRA cost



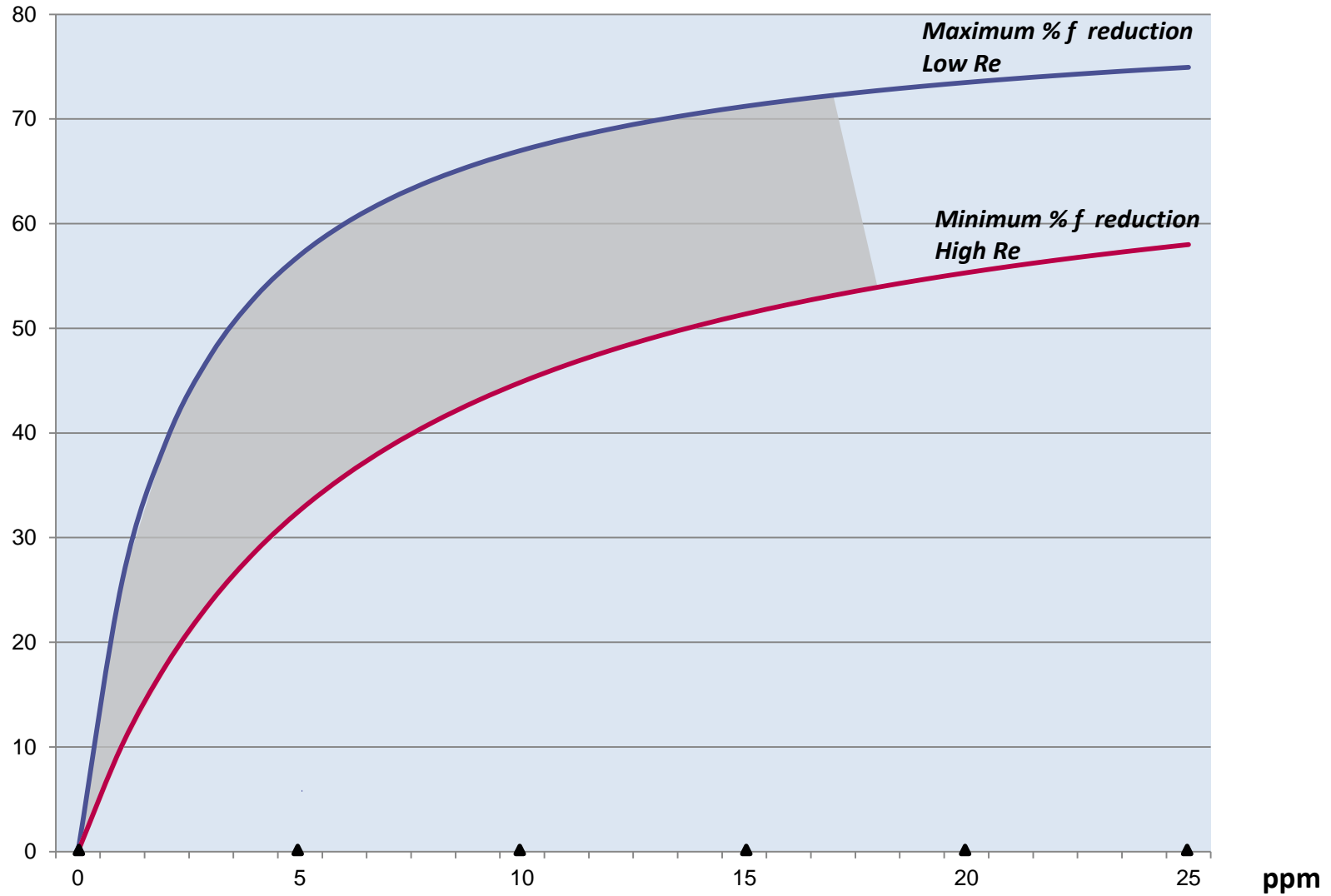
€/m^3

Energy cost = Electricity cost + DRA cost



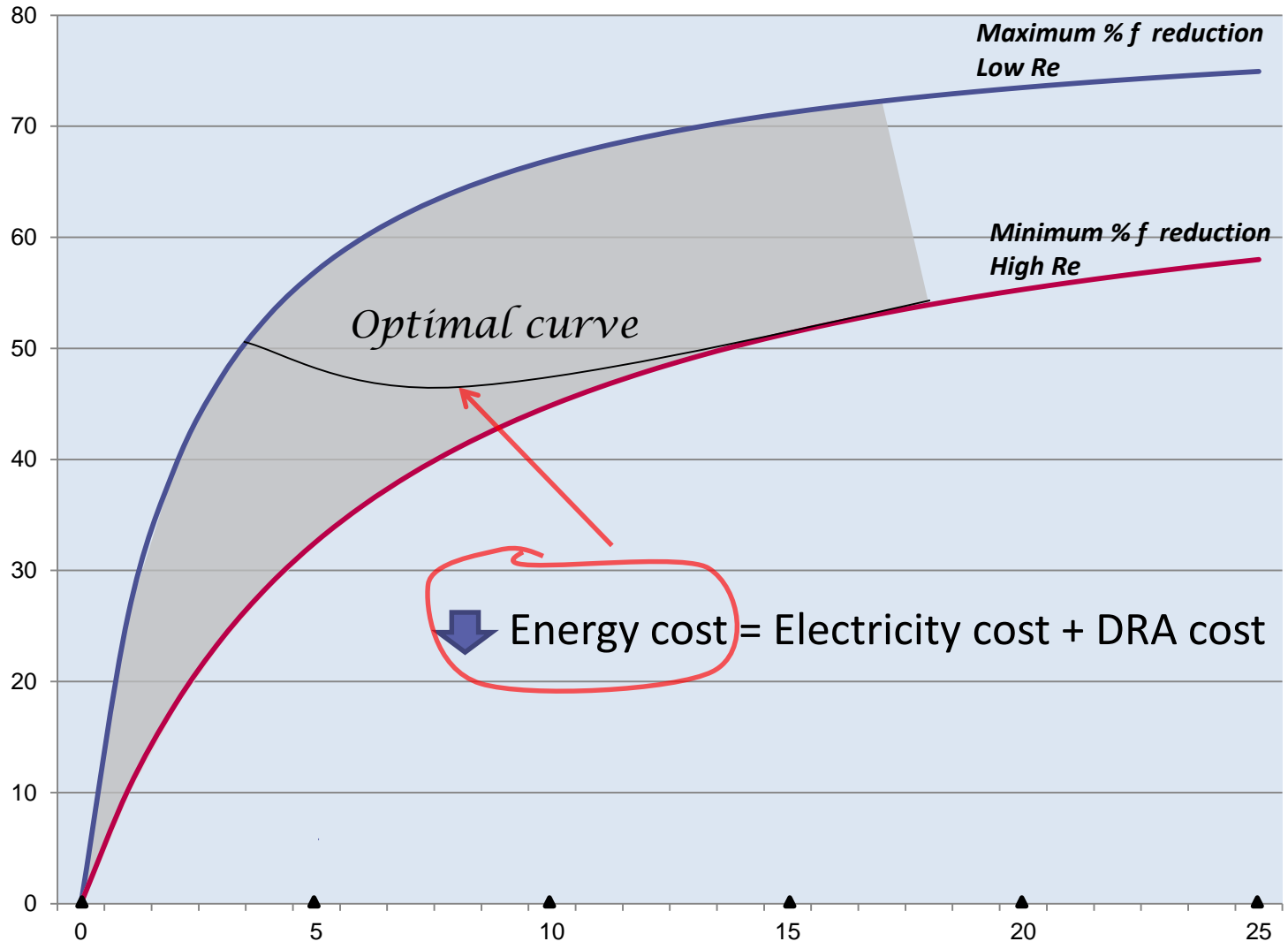
Reduction of the friction factor.

% DR



Reduction of the friction factor.

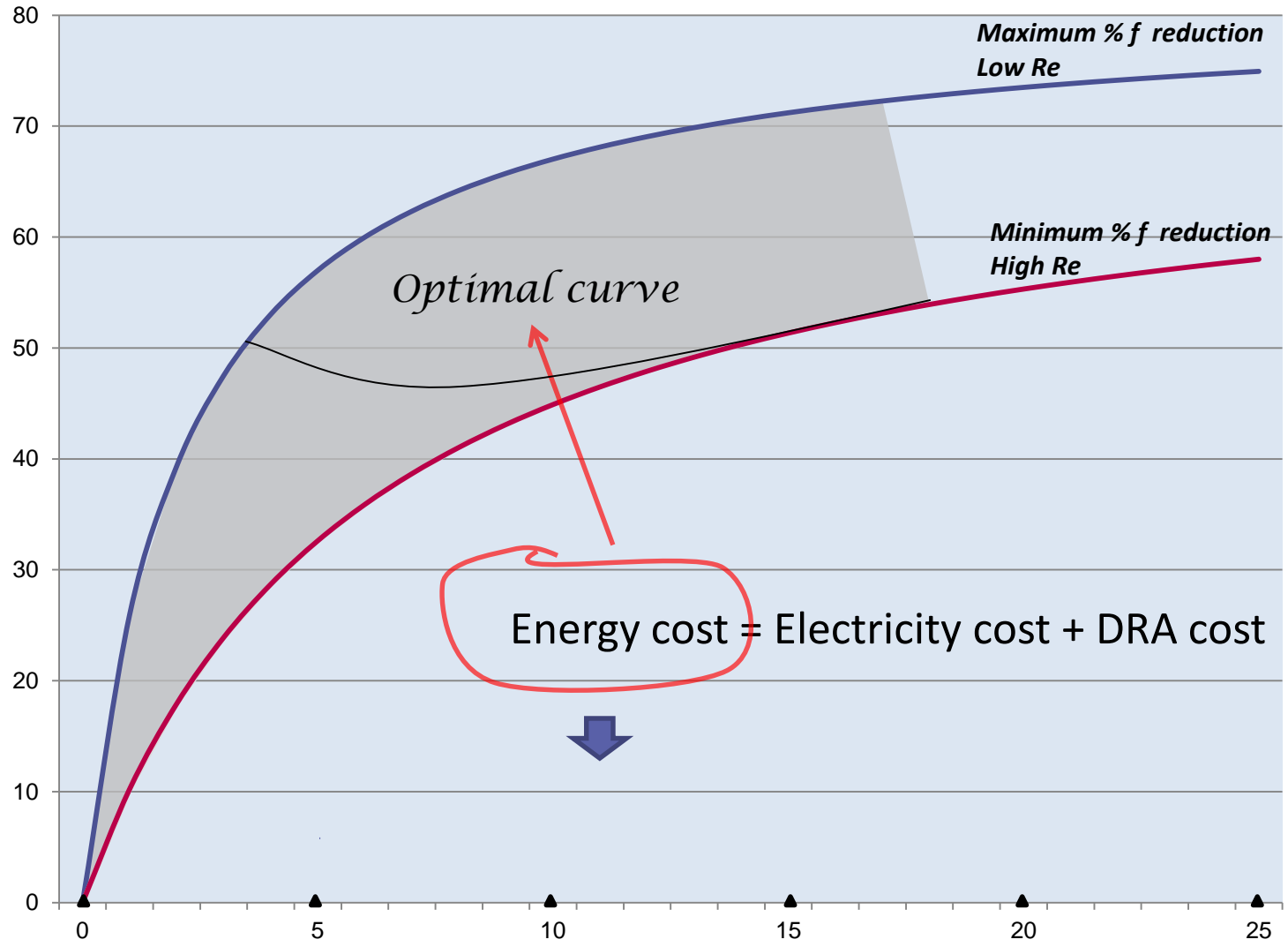
% DR



ppm

Reduction of the friction factor.

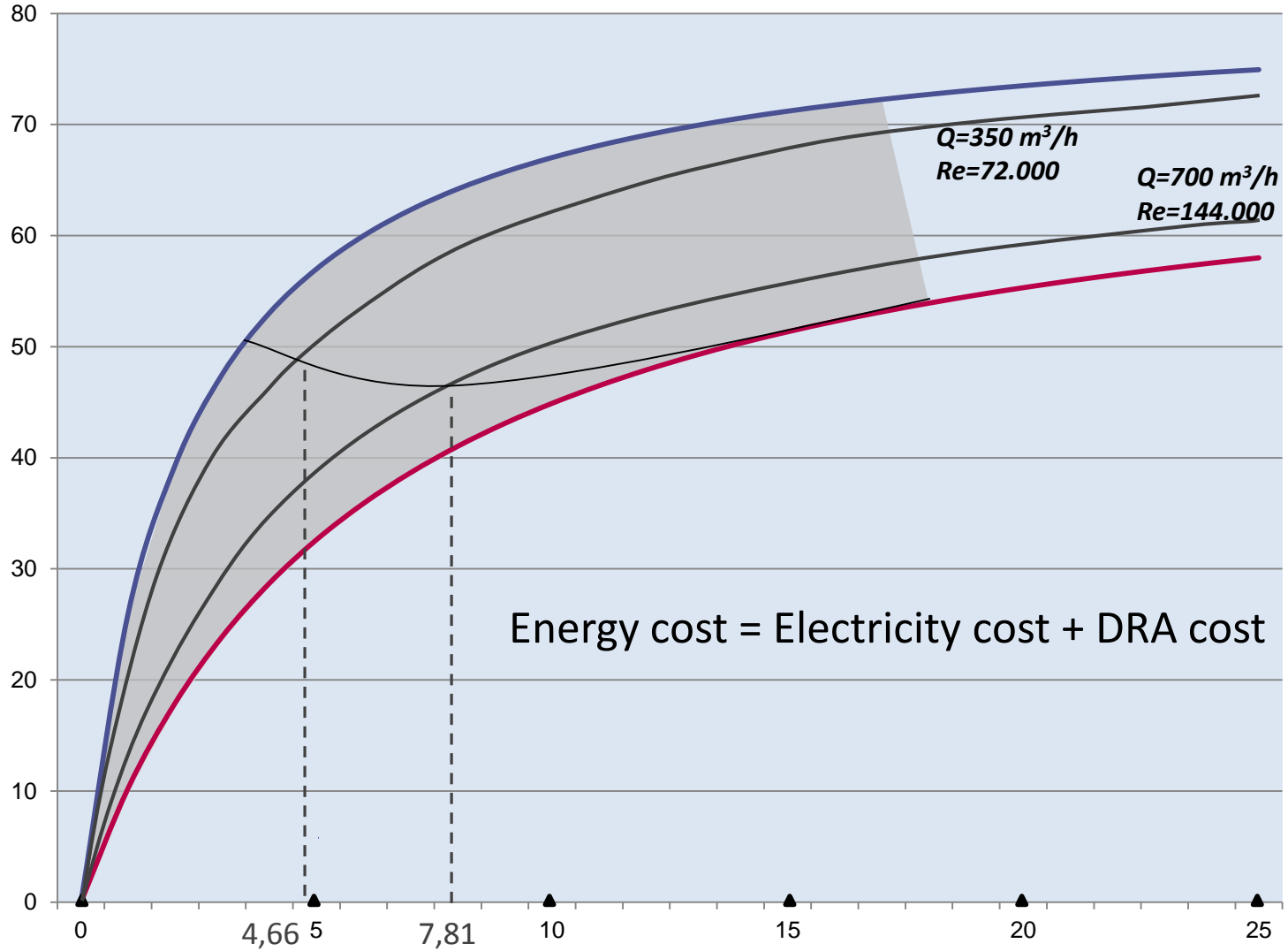
% DR



ppm

Reduction of the friction factor.

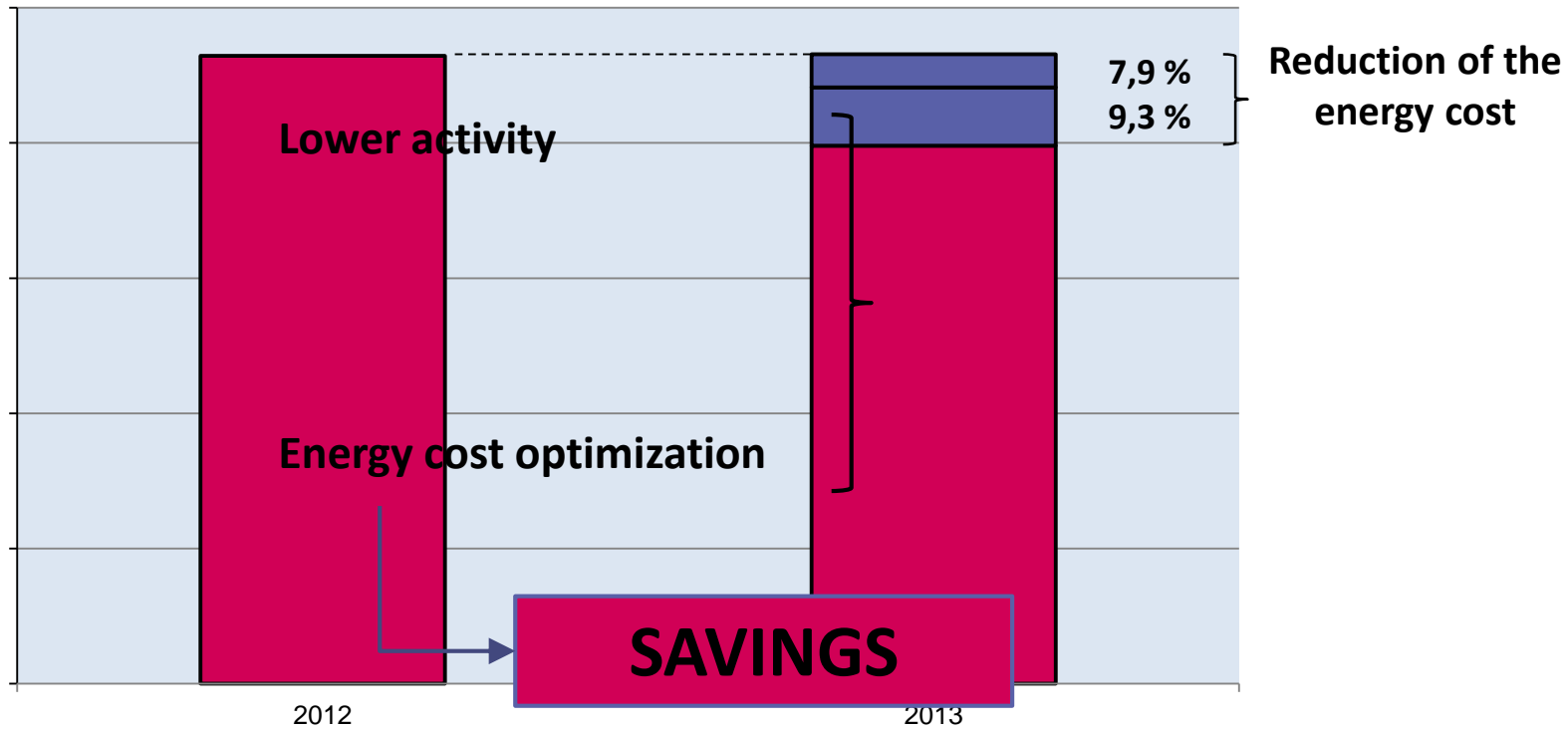
% DR



ppm

Millions
of euros

of CLH



Many thanks

Compañía
Logística de
Hidrocarburos

CLH