The IED: Industrial Emissions Directive

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Presentation structure

- Overview Air Quality Situation
- BAT
- Large Combustion Plants
- Work of the Commission
- Work of Member States
- Role of the Article 13 Forum
- Role of the IED Article 75 Committee
- Timetable





Why air quality (still) matters?

Thematic Strategy on Air Pollution (2005)

- 8 months loss of life expectance for <u>each</u> EU citizen corresponding to 350 000 premature mortalities in EU25 due to **fine particles** (PM)*
- 20 000 cases of premature death from ozone
- Major impacts on ecosystems due to acid rain and depositions of nutrients (eutrophication) and to high ozone levels

EEA State Of the Environment Report (2010)

- 500 000 premature mortalities in EEA32 due to fine particles
- Widespread exceedances of target values for ozone to protect human health
- Major impacts on ecosystems, in particular for eutrophication and ozone damage to vegetation

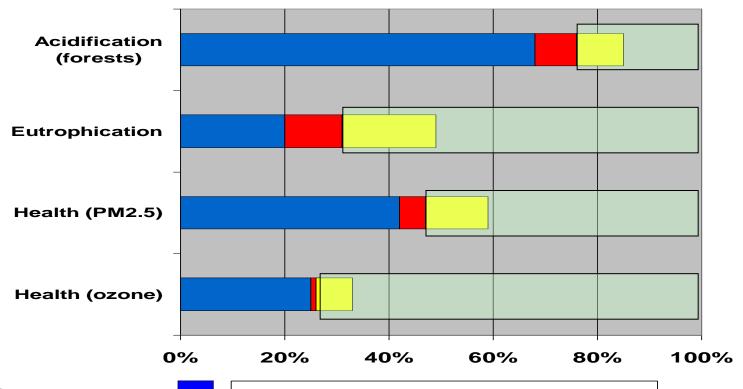
* Up to 2 years loss of life expectancy per person in more polluted areas of the EU.





Thematic Strategy on Air Pollution (2005) Towards 6EAP via Interim Objectives

Percent improvement (gap-closure) in 2020 compared to situation in 2000.





Cost-effectiveness policies and measures selected in the 2005 Thematic Strategy on Air Pollution

Maximum technical abatement potential in 2005, irrespective of cost-effectiveness

Gap towards 6EAP objectives: no health and ecosystem impacts due to air pollution.





Emission reduction to meet Air Thematic Strategy objectives

- Contribution of industrial activities (mainly IPPC) to total EU emissions in 2005: 55% CO², 88% SO₂, 36% NOx, 50% particulate matter, 55% VOC
- Compared to Member States' projected implementation of current legislation in 2020, there is a need for further industrial emission reductions to meet Thematic Strategy 2020 targets:
 - 30% for SO₂
 - 35% for NO_x
 - 24% for PM2.5
 - 17% for VOC

(source: IIASA, cost-optimized NEC emissions, work in context of NEC revision)





Structure of IED

- Ch. I: Common provisions
- Ch. II: Provisions for all activities listed in Annex I
- Ch. III: Special provisions for combustion plants [> 50 MW]
- Ch. IV: Special provisions for waste (co-)incineration plants
- Ch. V: Special provisions for installations and activities using organic solvents
- Ch. VI: Special provisions for installations producing TiO2
- Ch. VII: Committee, transitional and final provisions
- Annexes





IED Key issues during negotiations (EP, Council)

- BAT / BREF / BAT conclusions to be covered in more detail
- LCP emission limit values and flexibility
- "European Safety Net"
- Soil/groundwater
- Other issues





IED – Key Issue: BAT

- BAT info exchange → BREFs: Sevilla process (unchanged)
- Art 75 Committee and Art 13 forum required under the Directive
- Specific definitions of BAT, BREFs, BAT Conclusions and BAT-AELs entered into the text – these define the scope of the work in these areas
- BAT conclusions: part of BREFs to be adopted via comitology (implementing acts)
- BAT conclusions shall be the reference in setting permit conditions
- ELVs to ensure emissions do not exceed BAT AELs
- Monitoring / reporting provisions linked to compliance with permit conditions





IED – Key Issue: BAT

- derogations (art. 15(4)) competent authorities may choose to apply flexibility by setting less strict emission limit values
 - only if costs are disproportionately higher than benefits <u>due</u>
 to local environment, geographical location or technical characteristics of the installation
 - → environmental safeguards
 - no significant pollution
 - link to environmental quality standards
 - → MS need to report on application of derogations
- Commission may clarify the criteria through guidance





IED – Key Issue: Large Combustion Plants (LCP)

- ELVs from COM Proposal have been maintained
- Increased flexibility was added for <u>existing plants</u>
 - → 1 January 2016 kept as default implementation date
 - → temporary flexibilities: transitional national plan, opt-outs, small isolated systems, district heating plants
 - → derogations for peak plants (< 1500 h/y)</p>
 - option to use desulphurisation rate instead of SO2 ELVs
 - → Refinery specific LCP: status quo LCP Dir, but review clause (end 2013)
- review clause for diesel engines, recovery boilers, non-commercial gases (← based on BAT) (end 2013)
- new plants: implementation from beginning 2013 instead of 2016





Work of the Commission

- Ensuring MS transpose the Directive see transposition checklist
- Ensuring MS implement the Directive
- Other actions such as:
 - Organise exchange of information under Articles 13 and 64
 - → Develop guidance on baseline reports (Article 22)
 - Develop guidance for MS on encouraging development / application of emerging techniques (Article 27)
 - → Propose revised emission limit values for certain categories of LCP including refineries (Article 30)
 - Undertake reviews for a number of issues e.g. spreading of manure





Role of the Article 13 Forum (1)

- Primary role is to help the Commission in the implementation of Article 13
- To be comprised of MS, Industry, NGOs and Commission
- Largely a continuation of the Information Exchange Forum
- Forum to provide its opinion on the practical arrangements for the exchange of information and in particular:
 - a) the rules of procedure of the forum
 - b) the work programme for the exchange of information
 - c) guidance on the collection of data
 - d) guidance on the drawing up of BREFs and on their quality assurance including the suitability of their content and format





Role of the Article 13 Forum (2)

Forum also has a key role to play in the development of BREFs themselves

- The forum shall provide its opinion on the proposed content of the BREFs
 - → The opinion of the forum is to be made publicly available
 - → The opinion of the forum is to be taken into account by the Commission when it proposes decisions on BAT conclusions to be adopted via the Article 75 Committee





Role of the Article 75 Committee (1)

- The role of the Committee is to assist the Commission
- The Committee will operate under Regulation 192/2011 laying down the rules and general principles in the exercise of implementing powers
- Committee voting is to be undertaken by Member States only





Role of the Article 75 Committee (2)

Involved in the adoption process for a number of key provisions

- Adoption of certain guidance under Article 13(3)(c) and (d)
 - guidance on the collection of data
 - guidance on the drawing up of BREFs and on their quality assurance including the suitability of their content and format.
- Adoption of BAT conclusions under Article 13(4)
- Adoption of implementing rules for LCP under Article 41
 - → Determination of start-up and shut-down periods
 - Transitional National Plan rules
- Type, format, frequency of reporting by MS under Article 72





Timeline for the future



- Entry into force of the Directive on industrial emissions (IED).
- Member States fully transpose the IED. The Directive applies to all new installations from this date onwards
- All existing installations previously subject to IPPC, WI, SE and TiO2 Directives must meet the requirements of the IED.
- LCP do not yet need to meet the new ELVs (Ch. III, Annex V). Existing installations operating newly prescribed activities (e.g. waste installations, wood based panels, wood preservation) must meet the requirements of the IED.
- LCP must meet the requirements set out in Chapter III and Annex V.
- Transitional National Plan provisions for LCP end
- Limited lifetime derogation provisions for LCP end





Thank you for your attention



